GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

RULES AND REGULATIONS

FOR THE

CONDUCT OF THE TRAFFIC

AND FOR THE

GUIDANCE OF THE OFFICERS AND MEN

IN THE SERVICE OF THE

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

Compiled by G. H. Howard.

General Manager's Assistant.

HAMILTON, ONT .::

PRINTED AT THE SPECTATOR STEAM PRESS, CORNER JAMES AND MAIN STREETS.

1869.

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TATATATATEMENTAL

EXTRACT FROM THE MINUTES of the meeting of DIRECTORS, held at Hamilton, O., on the 21st May, 1869.

ORDERED,

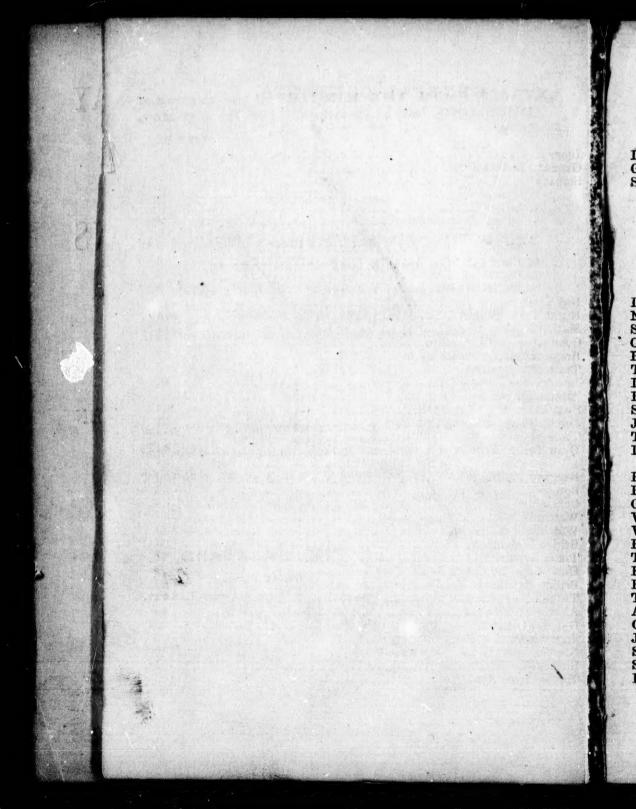
That the Book of Rules and Regulations now submitted, and dated the 21st May, 1869, be, and the same is hereby, approved and adopted for the guidance and instruction of the Officers and Men in the service of the Great Western Railway Company; and that all former Rules and Regulations inconsistent with the same be cancelled.

ORDERED,

That every person in the service whose duties are affected by these Regulations, do make himself familiar with them, and keep a copy on his person, under a penalty of one dollar for the neglect of the same.

THO. SWINYARD,

General Manager,
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.



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GENERAL REGULATIONS

APPLICABLE TO ALL EMPLOYES OF THE

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

COMPANY.

- 1. Each Employe of the Company must serve Attendence. and reside where necessary, and devote such time as may be required of him to the Company's service.
- 2. He must promptly obey all orders from per-Obedience sons placed in authority over him, and strictly conform to all known regulations.
- 3. He is not on any occasion, nor under any Not to pretence, to receive money from any person on money. the Company's account, unless authorized to do so, nor shall he receive a gratuity from any person.
- 4. The Company reserve the right to deduct Fines and Rent deductfrom the pay of their employes, such fines as may ted from be imposed for neglect of duties, stoppages for rent, when the employe is a tenant of the Company, and any other amounts due to the Company.
- 5. No employe is allowed to quit the Company's Leaving service, without giving two weeks' or one month's previous notice (as may have been agreed upon) of his intention to do so. Should he leave without giving such intimation, any money due to him will be forfeited. On leaving the service, he must

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Improper

Language.

Incivility

Uniform, &c deliver up his uniform and other property of the to be given up. Company; and if a tenant of the Company, he must immediately remove from their premises.

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Appearance 6. Each employe must appear on duty clean and neat; and if any article provided by the Company has been improperly used or damaged by him, he must make it good.

7. He may be immediately dismissed for incompetency, disobedience of orders, negligence, or other misconduct.

8. Employes are strictly forbidden to have in their possession spirituous liquors when on duty. No instance of intoxication on duty will be overlooked; such an offence will render the employe committing it liable to instant dismissal, and to punishment by a magistrate.

9. Any employe using improper language, cursing and swearing when on duty, or committing any act of ineivility or rudeness, will meet with instant punishment by dismissal or fine. Employes are strictly enjoined not to enter into altercation with any person, whatever provocation may have been given, but, if necessary, to report the matter to their immediate superiors.

Absence. 10. The pay of every man absent, or suspended from duty, will be stopped.**

Smoking. 11. Smoking on the Company's premises is strictly forbidden.

^{*} See Page No. 8.

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12. No employe is allowed, UNDER ANY CIRCUM-Absence without stances, to absent himself from duty without leave.

PERMISSION from the head officer of his department, except from illness, in which case he must immediately send notice to the proper quarter, in order that a competent person may be entrusted with the duties.

12. Every person in the service, whose duties knowledge require it, must make himself thoroughly acquain-Regulations ted with the Rules and Regulations contained in Table. this book, and with the Time Tables that may from time to time be issued; and shall keep a copy of the current Working Time Table and of the Rules and Regulations on his person when on duty, under a penalty of one dollar for neglect of this order.

14. No person in the Company's employ is Not to allowed to carry on or engage himself in any other other business.

15. Should any employe think himself aggrieved Employes at any time, he may memorialize the Board; but rialize the in such case the memorial must be sent through the Head of his Department.

THOMAS SWINYARD,

General Manager.

HAMILTON, Rist May, 1869.

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SIGNALS.

Teler. RED signifies DANGER and means STOP.

GREEN signifies CAUTION and means ... PROCEED SLOWLY.

WHITE signifies ALL RIGHT and means GO ON.

Description 17. These Signals will be made by **FLAGS** in the day time, and by **LAMPS** at night and in foggy weather.

able absence of the ordinary Signals, anything waved violently up and down on the Track, danger with denotes DANGER, and the necessity to STOP IMMEDIATELY.

NGER

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THDIS

AGS in and in

navoidnything Track, STOP

- 19. The strictest obedience must be given to strict obedience danger and caution Signals. No employe is allowed to Signals. to judge of the necessity of any Signal shewn; the responsibility for giving them rests with those who exhibit them, and it is absolutely necessary that they be implicitly and immediately obeyed.
- 20. Enginemen and Conductors, in working Day Signals trains at Stations or Sidings **DURING THE DAY**, will observe the following Signals, which must be given **QUIETLY**:
- 21. The person giving the Signals must be on Position for the Engine Driver's, or right hand side of Engine, Signals.
 unless the Train is on a curve.
- 22. The signal to **START** will be given by The Signal stretching the arm at right angles to the body; to **STOP**, by stretching both arms at right angles to The Signal to stop. the body; to **PROCEED CAUTIOUSLY**, by Caution Signal waving slowly the right arm down towards the track; to move **BACK** or **FORWARD**, by waving To move back or forward.

SIGNALS.

23. There are Nine kinds of Signals.

Nine kinds of Signals, 1st. The **Semaphore** or **Station Signal**. (See Plate No. 1, figures Nos. 1 and 2.)

2nd. The Switch or Point Signal. (See Plate No. 2, figures Nos. 1 and 2.)

3rd. The Narrow Gauge Siding Signal. (See Plate No. 3, figure 2.)

4th. The Level Crossing Signal. (See Plate No. 3, figure 1.)

5th. The Flag Signal. (See Plate No. 4, figures 1 and 2.)

6th. The Hand Lamp Signal.

7th. The Detonating Signal.

8th. The Engine Whistle Signals.

9th. The Telegraphic Signals.

24. The **SEMAPHORE SIGNAL** is placed at a distance of about 800 yards from the extreme Switch at each end of Stations: also at each side of Railway Crossings, and at all Junctions. When

Line Clear the Line is clear for the passage of Trains, the arm of the Semaphore will not be exhibited, (see Plate No. 1, figure 2) and at night a white light will be shown.

Caution.

In cases when it may be necessary to proceed with extra caution, the arm of the Semaphore will be raised to an angle of 45 degrees, or half way.

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will night stop, whice at not other

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Sw.

When the arm is extended in a horizontal posi-Langer. tion,—that is, at a right angle with the post, (see Plate No. 1, figure 1)—a red light will be visible at night, and any Train approaching must stop at least 100 yards short of the Semaphore post.

- 25. The SWITCH or POINT SIGNAL is pla-Switch ced at erch Switch leading into the Main Line.
- 26. When a Switch is closed, the red oval disc Switch will not be exhibited, and a green light will be closed. visible at night. (See Plate No. 2, figure 2.)
- 27. When a Switch is open, a red oval disc Switch will be shown in the day time and a red light at night (see Plate No. 2, figure 1) when a Train must stop, unless it is going in or out of a Siding, in In going in which case a green flag by day, or a green light Switch. at night, must be waved by the Switchman or other person opening the Switch, and the Train must enter slowly, and must be completely under the command of the Engine driver, so that it can, if required, be brought to a stand short of the Switch at the other end of the Siding.
- 28. At certain Stations, where two Sidings lead Purple Light. from the same Switch on the same side of the Track, a purple light is shewn for one Siding and the usual red light for the other, in order to distinguish them.
- 29. At night, at a narrow gauge Siding, the Narrow Gauge Switch or Point Signal, when open, will exhibit Siding When open a white and red light, the white light being at night.

nal. (See See Plate

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See Plate

No. 4,

placed extreme ach side When the arm se Plate will be

proceed ore will way. immediately over the **red light**. (See Plate No. 3, figure 2.)

When to sound whistle at level crossing.

30. A LEVEL CROSSING SIGNAL is placed at each public level crossing, (see Plate No. 3, figure 1,) and Enginemen must sound the Engine whistle at a distance of 400 yards before reaching a Level Crossing Signal.

Flags.

31. FLAG SIGNALS (see Plate No. 4, figures 1 and 2) are red and green flags to be used in the day time,—the red flag to be exhibited in case of danger or when it is necessary to stop a Train, and the green flag when it is necessary for a Train to proceed with extra caution.

Extra Caution. Hand

Lamps

Danger.

32. HAND LAMP SIGNALS are lamps which shew a red, green and white light, to be used by Trainmen, Switchmen and Signalmen at night, in the same manner as Flag Signals are used.

Same as Flags.

Detonating Signals in Cases of Emergency on all occasions of emergency for stopping or protecting Trains.

Required number to have on

hand.

b. No Engineman or Conductor in charge of a Train must leave a Station without having in his possession at least twelve Detonating Signals.

When to be used.

c. They must be used in addition to the ordinary Signals during snow storms, fogs, or when the atmosphere is so obscured that Signals or other objects cannot be distinctly seen at least half a mile distant, or in any case of emergency; and

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ordinary when the or other st half a ncy; and every Engineman, on hearing a Detonator, must Instructions bring his Engine to a stand as quickly as possible, to Detonations and then proceed with extra caution, looking out for further signals.

- d. These Signals must be firmly fixed on the Directions rails by the proper fastening on the Detonator, or upon rails. by string or wire, (a supply of which must always be carried).—One Signal must be placed on one rail 800 yards distant from each end of the object to be protected, and another upon the opposite rail at a further distance of 100 yards. The use of these Signals shall not in any way dispense with the use of ordinary Flag or Lamp Signals.
- e. Station Masters must always have at least supply of twelve of these signals, and must supply passing Detonators. Trains when necessary.

34. SIGNALS BY ENGINE WHISTLES.

- a. One short stroke of the Engine whistle is the Apply breaks, signal to apply brakes, and means stop.

 One short stroke of the Engine whistle is the Apply breaks, or stop.
- b. Two short strokes is the signal to take off off breaks, breaks, and means proceed.
- c. Three short strokes is the signal to back an Backing. Engine or Train.
- d. Three prolonged strokes is the signal to Switch. open a broad gauge Siding Switch
- e. Four prolonged strokes is the signal to open open N.G. a narrow gauge Siding Switch.

Recall Signalmen.

- f. Five prolonged strokes is the signal to recall an out-posted Signalman or Breaksman.
 - g. Six
 - h. Seven
- i. Eight short strokes is the Signal to be given by a Freight Train before crossing Susp. Bridge.

Alarm, on breaks. j. Whilst a Train is running, a series of short successive strokes is a signal of alarm to indicate that an Engine has broken loose from a Train, (or that the Train has become detached,) to warn trainmen to be on the alert to apply breaks, and avoid a collision.

Engine Requires wood. k. When a Train is standing still, several short successive strokes of the whistle is a signal that an Engine requires wood.

Signal approachi'g Station or Level Crossing.

l. One prolonged stroke of the whistle is a signal to be given on approaching a Station or level crossing.

To sound whistle on approaching Curves.

m. Enginemen must always sound a prolonged whistle on approaching any Curve, to give warning to trackmen of their coming.

Telegraphic Signal. Trains to stop when Telegraphic Signal is exhibited.

x. A Telegraphic Signal is placed at each Telegraph Station, and when turned on, exhibits a Red Board by day and a Red Light at night. When the Red Board or Red Light is exhibited, the approaching Train must stop for orders.

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PLATE No. 1.

SEMAPHORE OR STATION SIGNALS.

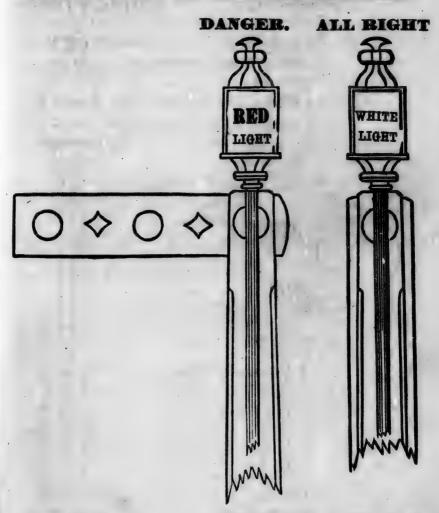


FIG. No. 1.

FIG. No. 2.

PLATE No. 2.

SWITCH SIGNALS.

SIDING OPEN.

SIDING CLOSED.

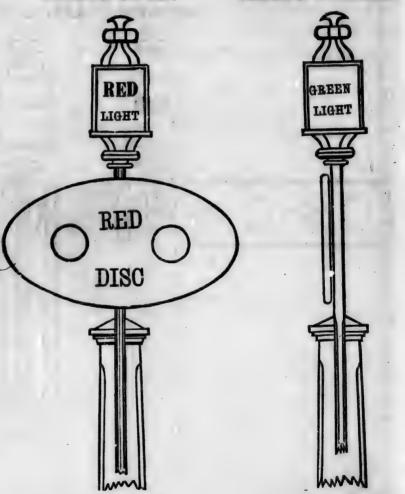


FIG. No. 1.

FIG. No. 2.

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PLATE No. 3.

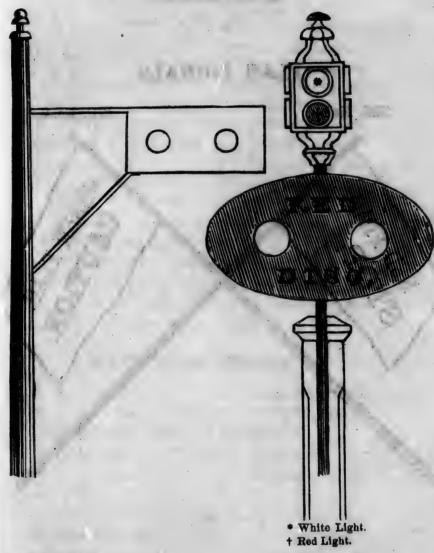


FIG.No. 1.

LOSED.

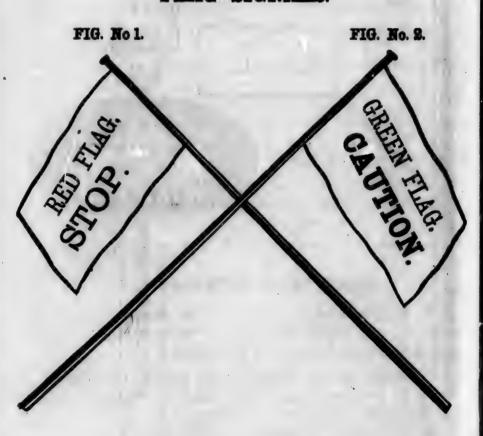
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No. 2.

FIG. No. 2.

PLATE No. 4.

FLAG SIGNALS.



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DAY TRAIN SIGNALS.

35. When a Train is flagging another Train Plagging which is to follow in the course of the day, a Green Flag must be exhibited on the Engine, and a Red Board, marked, "Train follows," on the rear end of the flagging Train; but when a Train is flagging another Train which is to follow immediately, a Red Flag must be exhibited on the Engine, as well as the board marked "Train follows" in the rear of the Train, and all Trains must wait for the Train thus flagged.

36. A Signal Board exhibiting the letters—signal "N. G.,"—must be carried in front of the Engine N. G. of Narrow Gauge or Composite Trains.

36 a. When a Train consists of broad gauge Cars alone, the "N. G." board must be reversed, and the letters "N. G." must not be exhibited.

NIGHT TRAIN SIGNALS.

37. Trains must be worked from sunset to After Sunsunrise, or in foggy weather, by White, Green, and Red Signal Lights and Detonators.

38. Broad Gauge Trains of all classes must To carry carry on the front part of the Engine a White fer Light.

Buffer Light, in addition to the large Head Light.

39. Narrow or Composite Gauge Trains must Green carry a Green Buffer Light on the front part of Buffer with the Engine, in addition to the Head Light.

Empty Engine Light.

40. Engines running empty, must carry only a Head Light in front, and a Red Tail Light on the back of the Tender.

Light to be shewn when Train follows.

To notify

met.

Conductors of Trains 41. A Red Light in addition to the above must be carried in front of an Engine, when a Special Train or Engine is to follow. Conductor of Train carrying such Red Light must stop and notify Conductors of Trains he may pass that a Special is following, and must be waited for.

Running on Card time of another Train.

42. Any Train or Engine running upon the Card time of another Train due from an opposite direction, must, in addition to the above, carry a White Buffer Light in front of the Engine until all irregular Trains are passed.

Red tail Lamp. 43. At Sunset a Red tail lamp must be exhibited on the rear end of the last car of each train, so that it can be seen by following Trains.

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STATION MASTERS.

- 44. Every employe in charge of a Station is Responsibility of answerable for the office, buildings, and other Station property of the Company there. He is also responsible for the faithful and efficient discharge of the duties devolving upon all the Company's employes under him at the Station, and for the order and arrangement of the Station and Yard, and its economical and efficient working.
- 45. At every Station, a Station Register Book Station must be kept, in which, before retiring from duty Book. each morning, or evening, as the case may be, Station Masters must enter full particulars of the working of the Station, noting down any delays to Trains, what Trains are due, and what Trains are despatched, full particulars of Special Trains, and any occurrence affecting the working of the Station which may be useful for future reference. The time of coming on and retiring from duty must also be given in writing.
- 46. Any alteration or suggestion calculated to suggestions promote the public convenience, or increase the intendent. revenue of the Company, must be at once communicated to the Traffic Superintendent and General Freight Agent.
- 47. Leave of absence must not be granted, nor Not to grant must any change in Staff be made without the knowledge and consent of the Traffic Superinten-Change in dent.

Civility to Fassengers. To report neglect of duty. 48. Station Masters must promptly report any incivility to Passengers, or any neglect of duty, on the part of employes under their charge, and communicate the particulars of any complaint made to them to the Traffic Superintendent.

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49. The comfort and convenience of Passengers and Shippers must be particularly attended to, and no gratuities. gratuities must be taken from them by any of the Company's employes. Every precaution must be taken to prevent any person exposing himself to danger by being too near the track, leaping on or off cars, or uncoupling them when in motion.

Inspection of Signals, &c.

charge of the Station Master; and he is at all times responsible for their good working order, and that they are properly attended to, especially before the arrival of, and while Trains are in the Station. All Sidings diverging from Main Line, or Through Sidings, when not in actual use, must be locked; and any defect in Switches or Signals must be immediately reported to the Traffic Superintendent, and a written report of their condition must be made each month.

To report monthly on Signals.

Locking Sidings.

Regularity in Books, Returns and other orders being duly entered and executed, and that books and returns are regularly written up and neatly kept. Circulars, written instructions, &c., must not be put up on the walls of offices, but into skeleton books, and properly indexed.

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- 52. The Booking Office must be opened not later Time of opening than half an hour previous to the Time-Table time Booking Office. of the departure of Trains, and closed immediately after the Train starts.
- 53. It is one of the especial duties of Station Passengers Masters to be certain that all passengers from their vided with Station are provided with tickets before getting into the Train. A strict examination of the collections made in the cars will be regularly made, and note taken of those Stations from which the largest and smallest number of fares are collected on the Train.
- 54. Passenger or Freight Cars must upon no Cars must account be left on the Main Line, nor upon any on Main Level Crossing, but shunted into a Siding at least Line. four feet clear of Main Line or Through Siding; the Switch must then be locked, and the wheels securely scotched.
- 55. Station Masters must correctly note in their Registering Train Book the arrival and departure of all Trains, and the time of Trains passing which do not stop.
- 56. Station Masters at Telegraph Stations are Station Master resheld responsible for the safe and prompt delivery possible for of all messages received at their respective Stations.
- 57. At Terminal and Refreshment Stations, the Ringing Bell at bell must be rung three minutes before the time of Stations. the departure of Passenger Trains.
 - 58. In the event of a Train becoming irregular Irregular Trains.

from delay or accident, Station Masters or Switchmen must notify Conductors and Enginemen of the following Trains of the fact.

Time between Trains.

59. No Train must be started from, or allowed to pass a Station or Siding, within ten minutes after a preceding Train of the same class.

Stopping Passenger Trains.

60. Station Masters must not stop Passenger Trains at their Stations, unless such Trains are marked on the Time-Table to stop, (except when necessary for the safety of the Line, and in order to carry out these Rules and Regulations,) or by special instruction from the Traffic Superintendent or Train Despatcher.

Locking Switches.

61. Station Masters or persons in charge of Stations or Sidings at which Express Trains are not timed to stop, must ascertain by personal inspection before such Trains are due, that Switches are locked and Main Track clear for passage.

Despatch of Trains.

62. Every exertion must be made for the expeditious despatch of the Station duties, and for ensuring punctuality to the Trains; and Trains must be kept at Stations as short a time as possible.

Station Masters

63. Station Masters are held responsible for responsible proper time being kept at their Stations, and are for regulating their required to regulate their clocks daily. If a Tele-clocks. graph Station, the time will be given by wire from London at noon each day; and at Non-Telegraph Stations, Station Masters must obtain correct time from the Conductor of the first Train out of Hamilclo by (Sup pro Tin reg.

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ton or London. When the time of any Station clock differs from the time given by London or by Conductors for two successive days, the Traffic Superintendent must be advised by letter, and a proper person will be sent to regulate the clock. Time lost or gained by a clock must be carefully registered.

- 64. No Station Master is allowed to absent him-Absence self without leave from the Traffic Superintendent, Leave. except from illness, in which case he must immediately inform the Superintendent, so that arrangements can be made to perform the duties of the Station.
- 65. Applications for stores must be made upon Applications for the proper requisition forms, and sent in on Satur-Stores. days to the General Purchasing Agent.
- 66. At least a fortnight's supply of Tickets must Supply of Department must be sent in on Saturdays.

 Supply of Tickets to the Audit be kept on hand.

 Department must be sent in on Saturdays.
- 67. Station Masters are required to see that all Care in use of Stores. stores are prudently and economically used, that there is no waste of oil, gas, stationery, &c., and that no avoidable expense is incurred at their Stations in any way.
- 68. The Telegraph instrument must not be left Attendance without a qualified person to work it, until all graph Instruments. Trains have passed the Station. The hours appointed for meals must be regulated accordingly, and at those Stations where there are night and day

operators, an operator must always be in attendance.

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Baggage,&c found in 69. A report of articles found in Passenger Cars, Cars and on at Stations, or upon the track, must be sent without Track. delay to the Traffic Superintendent, accompanied

To be registered in book.

with the proper form, stating where and when found. Such articles must be registered in a book kept for the purpose by the Station Master, giving description of property, where and when found, and how disposed of. Parties claiming found property must accurately describe the same, and if the Station Master is satisfied that the claimant is the owner of the property, he may deliver it up on obtaining a receipt in the book. No piece of baggage or any article must be sent off by a conveyance belonging to another Company without a receipt for the same having been first obtained.

Station Masters attention is directed to Baggage Masters.

70. Station Masters are specially required to see that their Baggage Masters strictly attend to Rules relating to Baggage, and report any neglect.

Depositing Cash Bags.

71. It is the special personal duty of Station Masters to deliver the Cash Bag to the Train Baggageman, and to take a receipt for the same, which must be carefully filed away.

72. Station Masters must see that Rule No. 201 Switchmen and Station to Switchmen and Signalmen is faithfully attended Masters responsible to, and that the arm of the Semaphore is raised befor protection of Trains when fore the Train reaches the platform. Switch safety shunting.

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le No. 201 y attended raised beitch safety blocks must be kept locked when not required to be open to admit of shunting, and while a Train is shunting, or standing at a Station, Station Masters are held responsible for its proper protection by Semaphore Signals, as well as Switchmen.

73. During the winter, the passenger platforms Clearing away Snow. and approaches, Switches and Semaphore levers and chains, must be kept clear of snow. Care must also be taken to remove any undue weight of snow from the roofs of the Company's buildings.

CONDUCTORS AND BREAKSMEN.

74. Conductors and Breaksmen must make Must be themselves thoroughly acquainted with the whole with Signals code of signals referred to in these Rules and Regulations.

75. Conductors of Passenger Trains must be at Time to the Starting Station not later than half an hour Duty. before the departure of their Train.

76. They must see by personal inspection that Inspection the Cars have been carefully swept out and of Cars. dusted; that when necessary, the stoves and General lamps have been lighted in proper time; that the charge of Train. water-coolers are filled with good fresh drinking

water, and that the passengers are properly accommodated; that their Baggagemen and Breaksmen are on duty, that the bell-rope is properly adjusted, and, from personal inspection, satisfy themselves that their Train is in proper running order.

Clocks by which to regulate time.

77. Each Conductor's watch must shew the correct time, carefully regulated by the clock at the Hamilton Station Telegraph Office, or London Station Telegraph Office, which keep the standard time by which Trains are to run, and must compare his time with his Engine-driver's time before starting.

Badges to be worn when on duty.

78. Each Conductor must wear his full uniform, and each Trainman must wear his badge, when on duty.

Sleeping Car Passengers.

79. Conductors of Night Trains on which sleeping cars are run, must attend to the sleeping car passengers before proceeding through the other part of the Train, examine tickets, and arrange so as not again to disturb the sleeping car passengers during the journey.

Name of Station to announced. and help rendered at Stations.

80. At each Station at which a Passenger Train be distinctly stops, the name of the Station must be distinctly announced to the passengers inside of each passenger car, so as to be heard throughout the car; and proper time must be allowed to passengers to get in and out of the cars before the Train is put in motion, but every assistance must be rendered by

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- 81. If a Train should run past a platform at Running which it should stop, the Engine-driver must not Platforms. be signalled to back before the passengers have been warned to keep in the cars, and the Train may then be backed to the platform.
- 82. Passengers must not be allowed to stand on Passengers to keep off the platform of the cars, or attempt to leap on or the Platforms.
- 83. To prevent loss of time, Passenger Train Preventing Conductors must make the stops at Stations as short at Stations as possible; and when Trains are late, the full time allowed at Refreshment Rooms is not to be taken.
- 84. Conductors must not allow riotous conduct To prevent abuse of on the Train, nor allow passengers to put their cushions feet on the cushions or otherwise destroy the cars, conduct in nor permit heavy baggage nor dogs to be placed in Dogs and heavy passenger cars.

 Baggage.
- 85. Conductors must not allow any one to travel No Travelling without without a ticket or pass signed by an authorized Ticket. officer. They must collect all tickets and passes, Collecting Tickets and make out at the end of their journey, the Passes. returns that may be ordered from time to time.
- 86. When two Trains are amalgamated, the Amalgamated Conductor of the Train, nearest whose train time Trains. the amalgamated Train is run, shall be the Conductor in charge of the united Train, and all

the men must act under his orders. The other Conductor must assist him.

Articles to have with them. 87. Conductors must have the following articles in their Trains before starting, and see that they are all in **proper order**:—

Bell Rope.

12_Detonating Singals.

1 Monkey Wrench, 1 Axe and 1 Saw.

2 Red Flags.

2 Clear and 2 Hand—Signal Lamps.

One Red Tail Lamp or 2 Side Lamps.

6 Links and Pins.

Can of Oil, supply of Wick.

Waste and Spare Bell Rope.

"Engine follows" Board.

Must have Time Table.

88. Conductors must always have in their possession the current working Time Table, and see that their Enginemen also have a copy.

Delays and irregularities to be entered on journal.

89. Entries of all delays, irregularities, &c., &c., must be made in the Train Journal, which must, at the end of the journey, be forwarded to the Traffic Superintendent.

When Trains are overdue. 90. A Train must not start on a journey from any Station at which another Train of the same class is overdue, except when instructions in the Time Table give right of Road, or when a passing

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- 91. Conductors of Trains Flagging other Trains Flagging must inform the Station Master of the Station to which the Train is flagged and the Train Despatcher of the fact; and if from any cause a Train flagging another Train becomes irregular, Conductor must leave a written notice with Station Master or Switchman for Conductor of Train being flagged of the fact. The Train being flagged will become an irregular Train.
- 92. If any part of a Train becomes detached When Train becomes when in motion, care must be taken not to stop detached. the first part of the Train, before the rear part has been stopped; and it is the duty of the Conductor or other Trainman on the rear part to apply Breaks in time to prevent a collision with the front part, in the event of the latter either stopping or returning to re-couple to the rear part. The same Rule must be observed in this case as in Rule No. 95, i.e.: A Trainman must proceed 800 yards from each end of the detached part of the Train,the one in the Front to prevent the Engine running into the rear part on returning for it, and the one at the Back to warn any approaching Train of the danger. In all cases, these men must take with them and use if necessary, Detonating and Danger Signals. The Engine and front part of the Train must return with great caution for the rear part.

When Engine breaks loose.

When only the Engine breaks loose, the Engine Driver after being satisfied that the Cars have been brought to a stand, must return slowly and with great caution to re-couple. At night, the Enginedriver must conspicuously shew a Red Light.

Lighting Lamps at Sunset.

93. At sunset, the Car and Signal Lamps must be lighted; and the Conductor must satisfy himself at every Station that all is right as regards lamps, axle-boxes, breaks, couplings, &c.

Lights on end of Train

94. No other light than the Red Tail Lamp or Red Side Lamps must be exhibited from the rear of the Train; and when a Train is standing in a Siding, and the Main Line is clear, the Red Tail Lamp or Red Side Lamps must be obscured during the time the Train is stationary in the Siding: but special care must be taken to uncover the Lamps the moment the Train proceeds to run on the Main Line.

Obscuring Lamps when in Sidings.

When Train is stopped outside Semaphore.

95. In the event of a Train being brought to a stand between two Stations, or outside of Semaphore, the Conductor must send Breaksmen, or other properly qualified persons, 800 yards from each end of the Train, who must take with them and use Detonating and other proper Signals, to warn any approaching Train.

Must have a Breaksman in rear of Train.

96. On Passenger Trains, a Breaksman must always be stationed on the rear platform of the last car, who must look out for signals that may be given from a Station to a Train after it has started, and see that the arms of Semaphores are raised as

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nan must m of the t may be as started, raised as directed in Rule No. 201 to Switchmen and Signalmen, and any case of neglect must be at once reported to the Conductor, who must report the same on his journal to the Traffic Superintendent.

- 97. Conductors are responsible for the safe Coupling coupling together of the links of all the cars in the Bell Rope. Train, and for the proper connection of the rope attached to the Bell in the cab of the Engine, which must not be removed until the Train is at a stand at the end of a journey, and all the passengers have left the cars.
- 98. On the arrival of a Train at the end of a Inspection of Cars at journey, the Conductor must personally examine end of each car to see if any articles have been left by passengers. If anything be found for which there is no owner, it must be handed over to the Station Master. Conductors must see that fires and lamps are extinguished, and the windows closed.
- 99. Conductors must deposit their boxes in the Disposition place set apart for them.
- 100. Conductors and Breakemen must allow no To prevent one to leap on or off their Train while in motion, and off Cars and must refrain from doing so as much as possible while in themselves. They must not uncouple any portion of the Train while in motion. Before proceeding to tail rope or shunt any cars into a Siding, they shunting must satisfy themselves that it is clear, or that Cars with Tail Rope. there is sufficient room for the cars, and not allow the cars to be run in with too great an impetus.

Freight Train Conductors.

Time of coming on duty.
Examining Way Bills,

101. Conductors of Freight Trains must be at the Freight Warehouse of the Station from which the Train is to leave, at least an hour previous to the time of starting, and must examine the Waybills for cars with sundries before starting, to see that the freight is loaded according to the order of the Stations to which it is consigned. Should Way Bills not be ready, the fact must be promptly reported to the Traffic Superintendent, giving name of Station and Agent. They must also report to the Traffic Superintendent all cases in which Goods to be unloaded in transit, have not been conveniently loaded for distribution. They are also required personally to check with the receiving Agent, the Goods delivered, and should there be any discrepancy or damage it must be noted on the Invoice at the time.

To check goods delivered.

Loaded Platform Cars to be examined. 102. Conductors must particularly examine all Platform Cars, to see that they are safely loaded, and if they are not, must leave them to be reloaded. They must also examine the Break-masts and see that they are free to work before starting.

Conductor's Cars to be secured when left off.

103. When a Conductor's Car containing Freight is to be left off at a Station, Conductors are held responsible that the small side doors as well as the other doors are properly fastened.

Conductor's
Car and
Breaksman
to be in rear
of Freight
Train.

be at the rear of every Freight Train, and on all Trains a Bell Rope must be extended from the end of the Train to the Cab of the Engine. On

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Night Freight Trains and heavy Day Freight Trains, an additional Conductor's Car must be run next to the Tender.

105. Conductors must state in their Reports, To report every easualty and delay on the journey; and irregularities. when any Cars have been left on the road, that should have been taken forward, they must notify the Station Master or Freight Agent at the Station to which they were destined, and report the particulars in their Train Journal.

106. Conductors and Breaksmen are prohibited Not to pass over tops of from passing unnecessarily over the tops of the Cars except when necessarily are forbidden to stand erect, but must be seated at the Break-masts. They must not allow any one Passengers to travel in the Freight Cars, unless specially Trains not instructed to do so.

107. Should the Bell Rope become disarranged When Bell and it be necessary from any extraordinary cir-of order. cumstances to stop the Train, the Breaksmen must apply the Breaks sharply and suddenly release them a few times so as to attract the Engineman's attention; in addition to this a man must be sent along the top of the Train with a Red Signal.

108. Freight Conductors must make themselves Must be acquainted thoroughly acquainted with the running of the Pas-with running of all trains, on all parts of the Line, and Trains. when likely to be overtaken, arrange with the Engine-driver immediately to shunt into a Siding,

When another and Siding not open.

and in passing, warn the Switchmen of that intention. Should it happen that a following Train is due, Train is due and the nearest Switch be not open to run into a Siding, a Breaksman or other qualified person must be sent back with the proper Signals to warn following Trains, and the Engine-driver must back in from the opposite end.

Broken Rail.

109 Whenever a Conductor has reason to believe that his Train has passed over a Broken Rail, it is his duty to stop the Train and ascertain if such be the case: and if so he must leave a Breaksman with Detonators-Red Flag or Lamp as the case may require, in order to warn approaching Trains. himself must notify Sation Masters and Trackmen of the broken rail as quickly as possible.

Must not obstruct level crossings.

110. Conductors must leave their Trains clear of the Level Crossings at Stations.

Conductors of Wood and Gravel Trains.

111. Conductors of Wood and Gravel Trains must keep clear of ordinary Trains, and they must inform themselves generally of the Rules laid down for Conductors of other Trains. They must keep a proper supply of Detonating, Day, and Night Signals, in efficient condition; must possess the authorized Time Tables, shewing the running of the Trains; must always be off the Main Line with their Train at least 20 minutes before the proper time for ordinary Trains to pass; and must on no account move out of the Siding, until the Train has passed.

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they must Rules laid They must possess the running Main Line before the ; and must the terms of the terms of

- 112. Gravel Train Conductors are responsible Responsible for Train for all the movements of their Trains and for any movements. accidents thereto arising from any neglect or breach of any of the Rules of the Company.
- 113. They must be on duty during the whole Time on working time, and no Ballast Train must leave a Gravel pit without a Conductor and the proper number of Breaksmen.
- 114. They must make themselves perfectly Line clear certain every morning, that all Trains have passed, Starting. which information must be obtained from the Train Despatcher.
- 115. Conductors of Gravel Trains must, before Inspection starting, examine and see that the journals are oiled and the Cars in good running order; should they think any Cars unsafe, they must leave them off in a Siding, and report the fact to the Traffic Superintendent, in order that means may be taken to repair or remove them.
- 116. They must not on any account take out on When not the Line a Ballast Train before daylight in the Gravel morning, or during a storm of snow or hail, or after sunset in the evening, or during a fog which will prevent an approaching Train being distinctly seen at a distance of half a mile. A Gravel Train must not be taken out so far upon the Line but that it precautions can certainly return to the gravel pit before dark. tance and Immediately after sunset, the necessary Head and signals.

Tail Lamps and Hand Signal Lamps must be lighted and placed in their proper positions.

Waitingfor Regular Trains.

117. Wood Construction or Gravel Trains must not on any account be on the Main Line within 20 minutes of the time of any regular Trains being due, without the authority of the Train Despatcher.

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To report irregularities.

118. Conductors must report immediately to the Traffic Superintendent any delinquency by the men connected with the Gravel Train or any contractors' men engaged in the gravel pit.

Supply of Signals.

119. They are required at all times to have in their possession a supply of Day, Night, and Detonating Signals, and see that the same are kept in efficient condition.

Gravel Train on Main Line. Recalling

120. When a Gravel Train is standing on the Main Line, the Conductor must send his men out Signalmen. with the proper Signals each way a distance of at least 800 yards. The Signal referred to in the Code of Signals by Engine whistles, Rule 34f, page 10, must be used in recalling Signalmen.

Must not stop at nontelegraph Stations.

121. Conductors of Wood, Iron, Tie and Construction Trains, must not remain over-night with their Trains at any Non-Telegraph Station.

Tipping Cars.

122. After dumping cars, Conductors must be particularly careful to examine the bodies of the cars, and see that they are safely fastened, to prevent them from tipping over while in motion.

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ing the power of removing Passengers who refuse to pay Fare.

(16 Vic., Chap. 99, Clause 19.)

- 123. The Statute Law empowers the Con-Putting ductor of the Train, and also the servants of the off Cars. Company, to remove and put out of the Cars—using no unnecessary force for that purpose—any Passenger refusing to pay Fare.
- 124. But in exercising the power of removing Must be at a Passenger from the Train, the Conductor must station. never do so except at a Station, and then only at the regular stopping place at such Station; so that no complaint can be made of inconsiderate action on the part of the Company.
- 125. If a Passenger is without a Ticket, and When a refuses to pay fare, the passenger should be remo-has no ricket.
- 126. If the passenger refuses to pay on the ground When Ticket has that the ticket has been lost, or offers to pay the been lost. same fare as is charged at the Station, refusing to pay the full fare as set down in the Conductor's book, the Conductor should not remove the passenger if he believes the ticket has been lost, or in the other case, when the amount payable at the Station has been offered; but in all cases, the name and

address of the Passenger, in full, must be obtained, and forwarded without delay, with a Special Report to the Traffic Superintendent.

Cases of Intoxication.

127. Intoxication or violent conduct by a passenger is ground for removal; but if he has a proper ticket this should never be resorted to, unless the Conductor ascertains from the other passengers that the conduct of the passenger is seriously offensive to them: and a removal, in such case should be at a Station.

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No unnecessary force to be used. 128. In case a removal is necessary, no force is to be used but such as may be actually required to overcome resistance, and as much care and consideration as possible is to be shown for the passenger.

To obtain witnesses

129. In every case of removal, it will be the duty of the Conductor to ask for the names and addresses of four or five passengers, witnesses of all the circumstances, and to forward such information, together with a full report, to the Traffic Superintendent, without delay.

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BREAKSMEN.

- 130. Breaksmen must make themselves thorough-Must know ly acquainted with the whole Code of Signals referred to in these Rules and Regulations.
- 131. Breaksmen are under the orders of the Time to Conductor. They must be at the Starting Station duty. three-quarters of an hour before the departure of their Train, get their bell-ropes and lamps from the Station Lamp Room, and fasten their badges on their caps.
- 132. Before starting, they must examine the car To examine breaks to see that they are in proper working atc., before order, and report any defect to the Conductor. If engaged on a Passenger Train, they must see that the cars are carefully swept out and dusted, and (if necessary) the stoves lighted; that the heat and ventilation are properly regulated, and must see that wood of a proper size is carefully put in the boxes, and not left in the passages. A good supply must always be kept on hand. They must have the Must have lamps trimmed and ready for lighting, should their ready. journey not be ended before dusk.
- 133. They must always ride outside the cars, To ride and must apply the breaks immediately upon the Cars. signal being given by the Engine-driver.
- 134. In running down grade, the breaks must Application of Breaks first be applied at the rear end of the Train.

 Application of Breaks when going down grade.

To examine Axle Boxes.

135. Upon stopping at Stations or Sidings, Breaksmen must examine the axle-journals, to see that none are heated. Any negligence in oiling must be reported to the Conductor.

Wooding Engine.

136. At all Stations where wood is to be taken, Breaksmen must assist in placing it on the Tender.

Supply of fresh water in Cars.

137. They must see that a proper supply of fresh water, which can be obtained at Suspension Bridge, Hamilton, Paris, London, Chatham and Windsor, is always kept in the water-coolers of the Passenger Cars.

To assist in loading or unloading Freight or Baggage.

138. Breaksmen must assist Conductors and Station-men in loading, unloading, and checking freight, baggage, or parcels, to be loaded, unloaded, or delivered.

TRAIN BAGGAGEMEN.

Must know Signals.

139. Train Baggagemen must make themselves thoroughly acquainted with the whole Code of Signals referred to in these Rules and Regulations.

Time to come on duty.

140. Train Baggagemen are under the orders of the Conductor. They must be at the Starting Station three-quarters of an hour before the departure of the Train, and have their badges fixed on their caps.

Marking

141. They must see that all baggage is properly and arranging Baggage marked and checked, and arrange it, so that there may be no delay in putting it out at the proper Stations; and must carefully register in their baggage book, each piece, number of check, and

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properly nat there to proper in their eck, and Station at which received or left off. Parcels Parcels to received must be accompanied by Way Bills, which must not be put amongst the passenger baggage, but kept separate, and handed over to the Station Masters or Parcel Porters. When receiving parcels Parcel Bills and Way Bills, they must carefully check them, checked. and see that they have the correct number billed, as they will be held responsible for the same. They are prohibited from receiving baggage or parcels not properly checked or billed.

142. They are held responsible for the careful to handle handling of all baggage and parcels entrusted to carefully. their custody, and must give and take receipts for money or value packages. They must be careful Parcels. in the delivery of despatches, parcels, returned passengers checks, &c. They must not leave their car during not allowed to ride in the journey, nor allow any passengers to ride in it. Baggage Cars. They are held responsible for the safety of the Cash Bags and Bags, and must give a receipt for each Cash Bag, and personally place each Bag in the Cash Box. When giving up the Cash Boxes, they must take the Messenger's receipt for the total number of Bags delivered.

143. Despatches not on Railway business, and Carrying not passing through the offices of the Company and initialled, must not be conveyed by Train. Baggagemen violating this rule render themselves liable to the Post Office penalty.

144. They must attend to breaks, in obedience To attend to signals given, the same as Breaksmen.

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Duty of Locomotive Foremen.

145. Locomotive Foremen, at Engine Stations, are held responsible for the general efficient condition of the stock on the section under their charge, for the proper running order of each Engine, and the fit condition of Driver and Fireman before allowing them to start on a journey. Locomotive Boilers must, as a rule, be thoroughly washed out after every run of 500 miles, when the mud hole doors, plates and plugs must be removed; in no case whatever must an Engine be allowed to run more than 700 miles without being properly washed out; any case of inattention, neglect or disobedience on the part of the employes placed under the Foreman must be immediately reported to the Locomotive Superintendent.

ENGINE DRIVERS AND FIREMEN.

Time to be with Engine. 146. Enginemen must be in attendance to take charge of their Engines at the Engine Shed not later than 30 minutes, and Firemen not later than 40 minutes before the time appointed for them to start on their journey. Before commencing a journey and at the end of the same, both Drivers and Firemen must sign their names on the form provided for that purpose, and read any new notices affecting their movements. They

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to take Shed not not later inted for ore comhe same, r names and read is. They must ascertain in the Engine Shed, by personal Inspection inspection, that their Engines are in good working order, that the Engine and Tender are properly oiled, the lamps trimmed and placed in their proper positions, and that the tools enumerated in Rule 149 are complete. In taking their Engine out of the Shed, they must try the pumps and feed pipes; and should any thing be wrong, it must be at once reported to the Foreman on duty.

147. Each Engine-Driver is held responsible for Responsible the Engine under his charge, for the general condition of Engine. efficiency of the machinery or working parts, and the cleanliness of the water spaces of the boiler, Inspection which he should inspect as often as his duties will spaces, &c. allow, and report to the Foreman any case of imperfect washing out that he may know of, or suspect, and should the matter not be properly attended to, he must then report the neglect to the Locomotive Superintendent. Any part of the machinery which may be damaged by heating will render the Driver in charge liable for the deduction

148. Enginemen must make themselves thorough-To be acquainted ly acquainted with the whole code of Signals re-with code of Signals. ferred to in these Rules and Regulations.

of the value of such part from his pay.

149. Each Engineman must have with him Necessary before starting, a sufficient supply of Water, Fuel, Tools, &c. Oil and Dry Sand, and the following articles, viz:

 A Hand Signal Lamp, a Gauge Glass Lamp and Three Buffer Lamps.

- 2. A complete Sett of Screw Keys.
- 3. One Large and one Small Monkey Wrench.

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- 4. Three Cold Chisels.
- 5. A Hand Hammer.
- 6. An Axe, and a Saw.
- 7. A Crow Bar.
- 8. A Screw Jack.
- 9. A Large Chain and Tail Rope.
- 10. Two Links and Two Pins.
- 11. A quantity of Flax Gasket and String for packing, &c.,
- 12. Proper Set of Oil Cans.
- 13. Large and Small Plugs for Tubes.
- 14. One Iron Mandril for driving same.
- 15. Two Fire Buckets.
- 16. Two Red and Two Green Flags.
- 17. A'Pair of Tongs.
- 18. N. G. Coupling Bar and N. G. Plate.

Proper care of Tools.

150. Enginemen will be held responsible for the complement and condition of the Teols given into their charge. Should any Engineman accidently lose or break any tool, he must at once report to his Foreman, whose duty it is to see that it is immediately repaired or replaced.

Enginemen to keep correct time.

151. Engine Drivers and Firemen must provide themselves with watches, which must be regulated daily with the Standard Clocks, and compared with their Conductor's watch, just before the departure of their Train.

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provide regulated ared with leparture 152. Each Engineman must be provided with a Must possess a current working Time Bill and must have another Time Bill, posted in a conspicuous place in his Cab, and regulate the speed of his Engine thereby.

153. Engines must be attached to Passenger Time of Trains at least Five Minutes before the time of Engine to starting. Engines of Freight Trains must be coupled on to Train at least Ten Minutes previous to the time of starting. Yardsmen will personally inform Engine-drivers of Freight Trains when their Trains are ready to start.

154. Enginemen are held responsible for the Must have Bell Rope Bell Rope being properly attached to the alarum attached. or whistle.

155. Engine Drivers must not run a Train on Not to move the Main Line without a Conductor, from whom Line only they must take Signals relative to the move-without a conductor. ments of the Train, which from the moment of starting to the time of arrival at its destination is entirely under the orders of the Conductor, to Trains whose instructions as to stopping and starting, and orders of the time of moving the Engine, the Engine-driver is to pay implicit attention. But Engine-drivers are held personally responsible if they obey orders from Conductors which are known to them to be contrary to recognized rules.

156. Engine-drivers, before proceeding with an Not to travel on empty Engine, must have the **Train Despatcher's** Main Line without written authority, on leaving any Station or written orders. Siding, to proceed along the **Main Line**.

In case of Two Drivers.

157. In case of a Train being hauled by two Engines, the Driver of the first Engine is to be considered as in charge of the Train, subject to Rule No. 86.

Fireman not to move Engine.

158. No Fireman must move or shunt cars in the absence of the Engine-driver, nor must be move an Engine, unless specially instructed by the Driver placed over him.

Regulate of Wood and Water.

159. Enginemen must take wood and water at the Stations from time to time appointed for that purpose, and regulate the supply accordingly.

To keep a good look out.

160. When an Engine is in motion, Enginedrivers must place themselves where they can keep a good lookout ahead; and Firemen must at all times be ready to obey instructions from Engine-drivers, and assist them in keeping a lookout, when not otherwise engaged.

Not to run past Platforms,

161. Enginemen of Passenger Trains must not run past the platform at Stopping Stations. If breaks are not properly applied to bring Train to a stand at the proper place, Engine-drivers must report the fact to the Conductor and also to their Locomotive Foremen.

Careful of Trains.

162. Engine-drivers must start and stop their stopping and starting Trains slowly, and without jerking, and not shut off steam suddenly, (except in cases of danger) so as to cause a concussion of the cars. drivers of Cattle Trains must be additionally particular in this respect.

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top their not shut danger) Enginelitionally 163. No Engine must enter upon or cross the Crossing Main Line, without permission by Signal from the man in charge of the Switch.

164. Engine-drivers are held responsible for To consider giving proper consideration as to the weight of Train, Grather Train, gradients of the Track, and state of the Rails in bringing their Trains to a stand. No Driver or Fireman when alone must alight from Not to an Engine when in motion, nor must he move an Engine an Engine through a Switch unless some qualified motion. person is present to open the same.

Platforms very cautiously, sounding a low prolarge Stations. longed whistle or ringing the bell, especially at Stations where Passengers may be standing on a narrow Intermediate Platform, or where another Train is waiting. Engine-drivers must be cautious in approaching all large Station Yards where much shunting is done, and Junctions, and reduce the speed immediately after passing the distant Semaphore to 5 miles per hour.

166. No Engine-driver or Fireman must leave Not to leave his Engine during the time he is on duty, and while on never leave an Engine, whether empty or attached Duty. to a Train, without first shutting the regulator, putting the Engine in middle gear, and fixing on the tender break. In getting up steam in an Getting up Engine care must be taken to see that the regulator Steam. is shut, and the Engine in middle gear.

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Not to stand on Main Line without protection of Signals.

167. No Engine without a Train must stand on the Main Line unless properly protected by the Semaphore Signals, which Engine Drivers are held responsible for seeing done.

Case of accident.

168. In case of any accident to a Train, Enginemen, if required, must disconnect the Engine and proceed where they may be ordered by the Conductor; and obey orders and Signals given them by the Station Masters or Conductors, so far as the safe and proper working of the Engine will enable them.

Trains breaking loose.

169. If any part of a Train becomes detached when in motion, care must be taken not to stop the first part of the Train before the rear part has been stopped; and it is the duty of the Conductor or other Trainman on the rear part, to apply breaks in time to prevent a collision with the front part, in the event of the latter either stopping or returning to re-couple with the rear part. The same Rule must be observed in this case as in Rule No. 92, page 27. A Trainman must proceed 800 yards from each end of the detached part of the Train, the one in front to prevent the Engine running into the rear part on returning for it, and the one at the back to warn any approaching Train of the danger. In all cases, these men must take with them, and use, if necessary, Detonating and Danger Signals. The Engine and front part of the Train must return with great caution for the rear part. When only the Engine breaks loose, the

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Engine-driver, after being satisfied that the Cars When Engine breaks have been brought to a stand, must return slowly loose. and with great caution to re-couple. At night the Engine-driver must conspicuously show a Red Light.

170. When an accident happens to an Engine To report while taking a Train, the Engine-driver must, as soon as possible, telegraph the particulars and the delay likely to be caused to the Locomotive Superintendent. If assistance be required, he must also make sure that proper notice has been given to the nearest Engine Station; and should the accident be warrantably serious, then notice, stating as nearly as possible the extent of damage, must be given to the nearest Station where Auxiliary Cars are kept, viz: either Hamilton, London, or Windsor.

171. If an Engine running empty becomes Empty unable to proceed, the Engine-driver will at onec unable to send back his Fireman at least 800 yards with proper Signals to warn approaching Trains, and will use the best means at his command to protect the Engine and ensure safety. He must at once communicate by Trackmen or otherwise with the Train Despatcher from the nearest Station.

172. In descending Grades, Passenger Trains Not to make shall not exceed 25 miles an hour, and Freight going down Trains 12 miles an hour. Engine-drivers must inclines, have complete control over their Trains, by applying their Breaks steadily and in time, and on no

account try to make up lost time in going down a grade quicker than the authorized speed. They must carefully observe the special regulations affecting the running of Trains down Copetown and other heavy grades, (see Rules 404 and 405.) Engine-drivers must not attempt to ascend a grade with a greater load than their Engine is capable of taking up with certainty.

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Loads on Grades.

Strict attention to Signals.

173. Engine-drivers and Firemen must pay immediate attention to all Signals, whether the cause of the Signal be known to them or not; neglect in obeying a Signal is sufficient cause for dismissal, whether resulting in accident or not. Enginemen, however, must not trust to Signals only, but on all occasions be vigilant and cautious, and on no account be running before the time specified in the Time Table. In foggy weather extra precaution must be taken and the whistle must be sounded at least every mile.

Danger Signals not to be passed

174. When an Engineman perceives a **Danger** Signal, he must at once bring the Engine to a stand, and on no account pass the Signal. At Junctions and Draw Bridges, extra caution is required.

Not to push a Train, &c.

175. No Engine must push a Train or run backwards (except in cases of emergency) at a greater speed than 12 miles an hour.

Shunting, &c.

176. In shunting Cars the Engine must not be uncoupled until the Cars are at a stand, neither must shunts be made with too great an impetus.

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177. Enginemen while shunting or running Shunting in Passenger Trains or Engines in Passenger Station Yards, Station Yards. must not exceed a speed of 5 miles an hour-keep a good look out, and give warning of their movements by a low continuous whistle, or by ringing the bell.

178. Engine Drivers in approaching Stations, To be careful of especially those at which their Trains are not Switch and timed to stop, must sound the whistle at a distance Whistle on of not less than 800 yards from the nearest Station stations, especially Switch; and must be certain that the Signals, both where they Semaphore and Switch, are all right for them to other trains. proceed. In passing Stations at which Trains are not timed to stop, the speed of Passenger Trains must not exceed twenty miles an hour, and the speed of Freight Trains twelve miles an hour; and Engine Drivers must sound a low continuous whistle, and have their Train under such control that, if necessary, they could stop before reaching the Signal.

179. Engine Drivers must be cautious in passing caution in level crossings, places where the track is under level repair, trestle work, cuttings, heavy banks, and and where draw bridges, and especially during thaws or after track is undergoing heavy rains or storms. They must be careful to repairs, &c. close the ash pans of Engines before passing wood To close piles and across wooden structures.

180. No person must be allowed to ride on any Persons allowed Engine or Tender, except the principal officers of to ride on the Company or other persons authorized by a special order.

To look out for Wood Trains.

Regulation in flagging Wood

181. Freight Train Enginemen must keep a sharp look out for Wood Trains, and if the Conductor of a Wood Train desires to be flagged he will exhibit a Red Flag, when the passing Freight Train must stop until arrangements are made by Trains, &c. the two Conductors to flag the Wood Train to the next Telegraph Station.

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Wood, Gravel and construction Trains to keep clear of

182. Enginemen of Wood, Gravel, and Construction Trains must not be on the Main Line within 20 minutes of the time of any regular Train being other Trains due, without the authority of the Train Despatcher.

Protection of Wood, Gravel or construcwhen loading or dumping.

183. When a Wood, Gravel, or Construction Train is on the Main Line, loading or dumping, tion Trains men with Red Signals must be placed 800 yards from either end of the Train. Engine Drivers of Freight Trains must pay particular attention to this rule, and when they are behind time must be careful in approaching the place where Wood, Gravel, or Construction Trains are at work.

Enginemen of W.G.&C. careful in being supplied with Wood, &c.

184. Enginemen of Construction, Wood, and Trains to be Gravel Trains must have a proper supply of fuel and water in their Tenders, so as to prevent the possibility of any detention; they must also take care to attach only such a number of Cars or Trucks as their Engines can draw with certainty, and on no account leave their Engine while standing on the Main Line.

Trains following

185. Trains proceeding in the same direction each other. must not approach within 800 yards of each other unless expressly required to do so.

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constructe within in being spatcher. struction lumping, 00 yards rivers of ention to must be wood, t work.

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irection ch other 186. Engine Drivers and Firemen must be Care of careful in the use of all property belonging to the Cranes &c. Company, especially Hose Pipes and Water Cranes, which in any case must never be pulled over or thrown off the Tender while the Engine or Train is in motion. The pipes also must always be allowed to empty themselves before being thrown off the Tender, as in addition to the injury caused to the pipes, the water in winter freezes on the crack and causes considerable inconvenience and expense. They must also see that the pipes are properly secured before leaving.

187. Engine Drivers and Firemen must not take Not to take any wood or fuel for their Engines except that properly. provided for them at appointed fuel Stations, and a "Wood Ticket," properly filled up, must be given to the Woodman, stating the supply of wood taken.

188. Enginemen when approaching an Engine To report any failure Station, from which their Engine is expected to occurring on take on, or return with any Train, must report by likely to Telegraph to the Foreman on duty at such Station with Trains. any irregularity on the line or any failure that is likely to interfere with the proper working of an Engine.

189. Engine Drivers and Firemen must not Not to tamper in any way with the safety valves of safety valves the Engines, either by wedging down the levers or otherwise, to add more pressure to the boilers than the authorized allowance; if they are not satisfied

have an

order to

return.

that the valves are in proper condition they must report to their Foreman, but they must not attempt any alterations themselves.

190. Enginemen are forbidden to reverse their Lubricating Cylinders. engines for the purpose of supplying the cylinders and valves with oil or tallow. The parts must be lubricated by closing the tallow cocks immediately after supplying tallow and putting on a sufficient quantity of steam to diffuse the tallow over the parts to be lubricated.

191. Enginemen must not throw ashes from an Not to throw ashes Engine, either from the smoke box or elsewhere, &c. in dangerous near a wooding Station, wood piles, bridges nor places. buildings.

192. Engine Drivers and Firemen must not leave To be careful of fire in oily waste in any part of the cabs, as it is liable Cabs. to ignite.

193. Pilot engines must under ordinary circum-Pilot engine to couple on stances be coupled on at the front of passenger at front of trains, and trains, and at the rear of mixed and freight trains. Mixed and Enginemen must deviate from this Rule only by Freight the direct instructions of their foremen. trains.

194. Under no circumstances must a pilot en-Not to uncouple pilot gine be detached until train has stopped. until train has stopped.

195. Before an engine can return, after piloting Pilots must a train to any station, permission must be obtained from the Train Despatcher to do so. In case the Engine is not required to go with a train as far as the next Station, an order to return must be obtained

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piloting obtained case the as far as obtained by Enginemen, from the Train Despatcher, at the Station from which the Engine starts.

196. Each Engine Driver on arriving at the end Duty at cold of his journey must give his ticket properly filled up to the Foreman on duty, and enter in the book kept for that purpose, the state of the Engine and whether any repairs are required before the Engine is prepared for the next trip.

197. Enginemen of all Trains must use the whole Not to run time given for running, except that necessary for the time doing the work at Stations, or for shunting into sidings to pass other Trains.

SWITCHMEN AND SIGNALMEN.

198. Each man in charge of Switches and Signals To have signal Flags, and station Signals, both Night and Day, Lamp, and the arrangement of the Tracks at the Station, acquainted with Signal Flags, a Hand Signal Lamp and Detonating Signals. If distant from a Station, be in possible for the Signals and Switches under their charge Signals and Switches under their charge Signals and Switches under their charge Signals and being in good working order, and must report any defects to the nearest Station Master. During the Winter season and frosty weather, Switchmen must puty in ascertain, by frequent working of the Semaphore Weather, and Signal levers, that the wires are in perfect

working order, and not bound by frost or other obstruction.

To report meglect of Signals.

199. Any anglect of Enginemen to observe Signals must be mmediately reported to the Station Master.

When Trains are in opposite

200. When Trains from opposite directions are approaching approaching at the same time, the Switchman directions. must exhibit the Red Semaphore Signals, and bring both Trains to a stand short of Sidings; and continuing to exhibit the Semaphores, must with the Hand Signal Lamp or Flag bring on the Train which has to take the Siding, and when the Main Line is clear, change the Semaphores to let the other Train proceed. Care must be taken while giving the Hand Signal to one Train to obscure it from the other.

Danger Signal to be exhibted immediately a Train stops

201. Switchmen must raise the Danger Signal of the Semaphore immediately an Engine has passed a Semaphore, and must keep it up for ten minutes after an Engine has either passed through or left the Station.

Inspection of Switches.

202. Switchmen and Signalmen, before allowing a Train to pass, must make sure that the Line is clear, and that all Switches are properly set. When Trainmen open Switches, Switchmen or Signalmen must see that the Switches have been left locked for Main Line.

switches to 203. At all Sidings, Switches must be kept right be kept locked. for the Main Line and Bocked, and only unlocked and or o mus

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kept right unlocked and turned for Sidings when a Train has to go in or out. Switches diverging from Through Sidings must always be kept locked for Through Sidings. Switch handles must always be shut close, and pinned or locked, and not held by hand when a Train is passing over a Switch.

204. Switchmen and Signalmen must prevent respass. as much as possible, trespass upon the Line.

205. Before leaving for meals, and upon reming When on duty, Switchmen and Signalmen must make Meals, &c. sure that the Signals are all right, and the the Switches are locked upon the Sidings and the Main Line, and that the Through Sidings are clear; and on leaving, the key of Switches must be handed over to the person appointed to take charge.

206. At sunset, Switch and Semaphore Lamps Lighting and inspection of that Trains are expected to pass. At daylight, the lamps must be extinguished.

207. Lamps, discs, vanes and posts of Signals Lamps &c. to be kept must be carefully cleaned each day.

JUNCTIONS and RAILWAY CROSSINGS.

208. Signalmen at Junctions and Railway Semaphores at Junctions Crossings must always keep the Junction and and Railway Crossing Semaphore Signals at Danger, and be kept at must only lower them for the passage of a Train or Engine. Every Train or Engine must be

Duty.

brought to a stand at these Signals, and wait until the signal to proceed has been given, which must be done by Lowering the Arm of the SEMAPHORE; or, by changing the signal from "danger" to "all right."

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Time-Keepers at Gravel Pits, &c.

Telegraph 209. A Telegraph Operator must be stationed at Operator at Gravel Pits. all Gravel Pits while being worked by Construction Trains.

Sole charge 210. Time-keepers have sole charge of the Switch of Switches. or Switches connecting the Gravel Pit siding with the Main Track, and must be there in person to let out or bring in every Ballast Train.

211. They must be on duty every day from day-Time on light till after dusk, when the last Gravel Train returns to the Gravel Pit.

Switches 212. They must always have the Switches set set for Main Line. for the Main Line and locked, except when in actual use, and must lock the Switches, and light the Switch Signal Lamps every night at Sunset, before leaving the Gravel Pit, and put out the lights at Sunrise.

Supply of Detonating 213. They must be provided by the Divisional Signals. Inspector with a supply of day and night, and detonating Signals, and keep the same in efficient condition.

Recording 214. They must keep an accurate record of the Passing Trains. time of passing of all Trains, and of the time and wait on, which m of the nal from

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when Gravel Trains leave and return to the Pit; and must also register the number of loaded cars of gravel in every Train which leaves the Pit; all of which must be entered by them in books or on printed sheets to be furnished from time to time by the Divisional Inspector.

215. They must on no account allow a Gravel When Gravel Train to enter the Main Line before day-light in Train shall not use the morning; after night-fall; during a storm of Main Line. snow or hail; or during a fog which will prevent a Train or Engine being distinctly seen at a distance of half a mile.

DRAW-BRIDGE TENDERS. WELLAND CANAL.

- 216. Two Bridge Tenders must be in attendance Two men at this Draw Bridge Night and Day during navi- at Bridge. gation.
- 217. They must be provided with the current Must have working time tables.
- 218. The Draw Bridge must only be closed for When to close Draw-bridge.
- 219. The Danger Signals on each side, must Danger Signals and always be shown to Trains, and each Train must be Trains to stop. brought to a stand and remain so three minutes before crossing the Bridge.
- 220. Upon the approach of a Train the **Draw**-Bridge to be closed bridge must be closed, and when the Bridge Ten-upon approach ders are satisfied that everything is right for the of Train.

passage of Trains, they must turn off the Signals and allow the Train to pass over the Bridge.

In fog or snow to meet Train. the atmosphere is so obscured that a Train cannot be seen at least half a mile distant, a Bridge-tender must always proceed towards an approaching Train, at least 800 yards beyond the Signal Post and must take with him and use Fog or Detonating Signals, so as to be able, if necessary, to stop the Train at least that distance from the Draw Bridge.

Articles to have on hand.

222. Draw-bridge Tenders must be provided with a supply of Hand Signal Lamps, Flags, Detonators, Cotton Wick, Oil and all necessary tools.

Must keep all in working order. 223. They must see that the Draw Bridge, and all parts of it, as well as the Lamps and Signals are in proper working order, and immediately report any defect that may arise, to the Station Master at Thorold.

Registering vessels.

224. A register must be kept, by the Bridge tenders of vessels passing through the Draw Bridge, giving hour, name of vessel and destination.

DESJARDIN'S CANAL BRIDGE BRIDGE-TENDERS.

Two men at Bridge.

225. During Navigation, two Bridge Tenders must be in attendance at this Draw Bridge.

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226. They must be provided with current Must have working Time Tables.

227. The Danger Signals on each side must always Rule to be be shewn to Trains, and each Train must be brought when a train aptroaches. Train aptroaches. Having made sure that all is right for the passage of the Train, the Bridge-tender must turn off the Signals and allow the Train to cross.

228. The speed of all Trains coming from either Speed of Train apdirection must be regulated not to exceed three proaching. miles per hour whilst crossing this Bridge.

BAGGAGE MASTERS.

- 229. Baggage Masters must appear on duty, Appearance clean and neat, and have their Badges properly fastened to their caps.
- 230. Baggage Masters are under the immediate Attendance control of the Station Master, and must attend at the Station during the hours he may direct.
- 231. Baggage Masters must see Passengers' To see Tickets before checking Baggage, and Baggage before checking must only be checked to the place for which a and marking Basgage holds a ticket.
- 232. All Baggage exceeding 100 lbs. per Pas-Baggage senger must be charged for as excess Baggage, at to be peid the rates that may be issued from time to time, for. and must be prepaid before the Baggage is checked, when a proper ticket must be given to the Passen-

Commercial Travellers are an exception to Commercial ger. this rule and are allowed 200lbs. baggage. Dogs must also be charged for at Tariff rates. Before giving duplicate checks to Passengers they must be compared with the corresponding ones to be affixed to Baggage.

Checking Enggage.

233. No Baggage or article must be received by Baggage Masters to be checked and forwarded by a Train, unless it is personal Baggage accompanied by a Passenger. When Freight or Merchandise, it must be properly entered, billed,

and sent as Freight. Before Baggage is marked be be carefully be carefully obliterated.

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234. After Baggage is checked or marked, Baggage-masters are responsible for it until handed over to Train Baggagemen.

Receiving laggege.

235. In receiving baggage from a Train, care must be taken that the Station is the proper place to which it is checked. Baggage must not be given up until the duplicate check is produced; such duplicate must then be attached to the corresponding one, and locked up in the Baggage Room.

Male to be wbserved when a Check s lost.

236. Should a passenger lose a duplicate check of his baggage, he must describe the contents, produce the key, and otherwise satisfy the Station Master that such Baggage is his, before it be given up, in addition to which he must pay 25 cents for each lost check. The strap check must be sent to

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eate check contents, he Station t be given 5 cents for be sent to the Traffic Superintendent with full particulars of date, Train, from what Station, &c.

- 237. Should Baggage be missing, the Baggage Missing Master must instantly report the case to the Station Baggage. Master, who will register the particulars in the Baggage Book, and immediately report to the Traffic Superintendent.
- 238. All unclaimed, **checked**, and other Baggage Unclaimed Baggage. must be locked up in the Baggage Room, and a report of it sent to the Traffic Superintendent.
- 239. Baggage Checks must always be carefully Checks to be kept locked up when not in use, and when returned locked up. Checks are sent along the line, they must be firmly tied together and properly billed to destination.
- 240. At Stations where Baggage has to be Transfertransferred from one train to another, it is the duty Baggage of the Baggage Master to see that this is promptly and carefully done.
- 241. Baggage Masters must be provided with To have copies of special regulations issued from time to regulations. time.
- 242. Where there is no Foreman Porter, **Bag-**Foreman **gage Masters** must act in that capacity, and will be held responsible for the proper performance of Porters duties, and must see that the Station is properly secured before leaving at night.

PORTERS.

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Attendance. 243. Porters are under the immediate control of the Station Master, and must not absent themselves from the Station during the hours of duty without obtaining his leave.

Attention, civility, &c. gers and others, and whatever the provocation, must not enter into altercation with any one. They must not take a gratuity.

Appearance 245. They must appear on duty clean and neat, with their badges properly fastened to their caps.

To load and 246. They must render every assistance in Baggage, &c loading and unloading Passenger's Baggage, and handle it carefully. They must also assist the Baggage Master in checking Baggage on the arrival and departure of Trains.

General duties.

247. Porters must keep waiting rooms, offices, platforms, approaches, closets, stoves, windows, &c., clean, and prevent waste or damage of the Company's property.

To clean Cars, Platforms, Lamps, &c. keep the tracks between platforms clean. Where there is no appointed lamp trimmer, they must clean and trim the lamps, and attend to all fires on the premises.

Porters' duty where duty where is no switchman or Signal-there is no switchman. There is no switchman and is appointed, the Porter must attend to the

Switches and Signals, and he must qualify himself for this service.

250. While the cars are in motion, Porters are Not to strictly prohibited from leaping on or off them, or in motion, from coupling or uncoupling them. Porters must dec. make themselves acquainted with Rules to Switchmen and Signalmen.

CONSTABLES.

251. Constables are appointed under the authori-Railway ty of the Railway Act Amendment of 1860, (23 Vic., ment of Cp. 29,) which declares (Sec. 49, Sub-Sec. 2) that appointevery person so appointed "shall have full power to Constables. "act as a Constable for the preservation of the " peace, and for the security of persons and property " against felonies and other unlawful acts, on such " Railway, and on any of the works belonging there-"to, and on and about any Trains, Roads, Wharves, "Quays, Landing Places, Warehouses, Lands and "Premises belonging to such Company, whether "the same be in the county, city, "or other local jurisdiction within which he "was appointed, or in any other place through "which such Railway passes, or in which the same "terminates, or through or to which any Railway "passes, which may be worked or leased by such "Railway Company, and in all places not more "than one quarter of a mile distant from such "Railway or Railways; and shall have all such

" powers, protections and privileges for the appre-

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or Signalend to the " hending of offenders, as well by night as by day, "and for doing all things for the prevention, "discovery and prosecution of felonies and other "offences, and for keeping the peace which any "Constable duly appointed has within his Con-"stable wick; and it shall be lawful for any such "Constable to take such persons as may be "punishable by summary conviction for any "offence against the provisions of this Act or of "any of the Acts or By-Laws affecting any such "Railway, before any Justice or Justices appoint-"ed for any county, city, district or other "local jurisdiction within which any such Rail-"way may pass; and every such Justice shall "have authority to deal with all such cases, as "though the offence had been committed and the "person taken within the limits of his own local "jurisdiction."

Hours of duty.

252. At Suspension Bridge, Hamilton, Toronto and London, the Police Constables, who are under the immediate control of their Station Masters, will do duty day and night in rotation by alternate weeks. The hours of duty being from seven o'clock to seven; but no Policeman must leave his post until he has been relieved.

Coming on

253. The Constable coming on duty must inform himself from the Constable whom he relieves of any occurrences that have taken place during the preceding twelve hours.

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tinform ieves of ring the 254. During his period of duty he must be in attendance on the platform on the arrival of all passenger Trains, when he must do his utmost to keep bystanders back from the track as the Train approaches, to prevent persons getting on or off the Train while it is in motion, to prevent the obstruction of the free passage to and from the Train. He must give every information to passengers making inquiries, and must prevent cabmen and hotel runners coming into the larger rooms or on the platform to solicit passengers. He must also ring the bell three minutes the departure of a train.

255. He must at all times strictly watch the move that ments of suspicious looking persons or knows had characters who may come to the Station, and in such a manner that such persons may see that it will be impossible for them to escape detection in the event of their attempting to commit any crime.

256. In the event of his being unable to a tend Absence from illness to his duty from illness or accident, he must at once report the fact to the Superintendent of the Police Department.

257. Should he be required to perform any other Additional duties at the Station in addition to his Police duty, he must so arrange his work as to leave himself free to attend all Passenger Trains as laid down in the preceding Rule No. 254. Should this be impossible, he must report the circumstances to the Superintendent of the Police Department.

Retiring from duty.

258. Before going off duty he must communicate all occurrences during his period of duty to the Constable who relieves him, and must also prepare a report of the same in writing, on the form provided for that purpose, and forward it to the Superintendent of the Police Department.

As to arrests.

259. As Constables may often be called on to arrest persons charged with offences, it is very necessary that they should inform themselves as to the extent of their powers, especially as to when they will be justified in arresting without a warrant, and in what cases a warrant is necessary. They must always bear in mind, however, that their first duty is to guard the property of the Company and protect the persons and property of passengers; and although under certain circumstances it may be right for them to lend their aid in arresting criminals, yet they must be careful not to neglect their ordinary duties for the purpose of doing what comes more properly within the province of the Municipal authorities.

Railway
Act Amendment, 1860,
4th Sec. 28
Vic., Ch. 20,
Breach of
duty.

260. The 4th Sec. of the Act already quoted, provides that "every such Constable who shall "be guilty of any neglect or breach of duty "in his office of Constable, shall be liable on sum-"mary conviction thereof, within any county, "city, &c., wherein such Railway may pass, to a "penalty of not more than eighty dollars, the "amount of which penalty may be deducted from any salary due to such offender, if such Constable

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quoted, the shall of duty on sumcounty, ass, to a ars, the ted from onstable " be in receipt of a salary from the Railway Company, or to imprisonment, with or without hard

"labour, for not more than two months, in the

" gaol of such county, city, &c."

261. Sec. 5. "Every person who shall assault or Sec. 5. "resist any Constable, appointed as aforesaid, in the Assaults on Constables, "execution of his duty, or who shall incite any per-

"son so to assault or resist, shall, for every such

"offence, be liable, on like summary conviction,

"to a penalty of not more than eighty dollars, or

"to imprisonment, with or without hard labor,

" for not more than two months."

WATCHMEN.

262. To the Watchmen is intrusted the duty of duties. guarding the buildings and property committed to their care; and for this purpose they must remain on duty during such hours as they may be required by their immediate superiors.

263. When a Watchman comes on duty he must Duties. proceed to make a careful survey of his beat, and must note the condition and position of all the property under his charge; must visit every part of his beat at frequent intervals during his period of duty, and before going off duty must make out a report in writing of all occurrences and forward it to the Superintendent of the Police Department.

264. Any Watchman found sleeping when on Not to eleep duty will be liable to instant dismissal.

Persons committing offences.

265. Should a Watchman find any one stealing any of the property committed to his care, or attempting to set fire to any building, or committing any indictable offence, he should if possible arrest such person and hand him over to the Police authorities or bring him before a Magistrate.

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WATCHMEN AT LEVEL CROSSINGS.

Must know Signals.

266. Watchmen at Level Crossings must make themselves thoroughly acquainted with the whole Code of Signals referred to in the book of Rules and Regulations.

Articles to

267. They must be provided with a Current be provided Working Time-Table, a Red and a Green Flag, a with. Hand Signal Lamp, and a tool for picking obstacles out from between the Rails and keeping the crossing clear.

268. They must always carry with them, by day,

Signals to carry.

a Red and a Green Flag, and by right a Hand Signal Lamp. On the approach of a Train or on approach Engine a Green signal must be exhibited if all is right, and a Red Signal if the crossing is obstructed, obstructed, or it is necessary to bring a Train to a stand. In the latter case, the Watchman must proceed towards the approaching Train a distance of at least 400 yards from the crossing, exhibiting the

Signals to be exhibited of Train, or when crossing is

To keep Cattle off Track.

269. They must keep Cattle off the Track, and prevent any horse or vehicle from passing over the Track when a Train is in sight.

Danger Signal all the time.

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270. The Crossing must be examined after the To examine passing of any vehicle in order to see that the rails after a vehicle has passed.

BRIDGE WATCHMEN.

- 271. Bridge Watchmen must be acquainted Must know with the whole Code of Signals contained in this book of Rules and Regulations.
- 272. They must be supplied with the following Articles to be supplied with.
 - A current working Time Table.
 - 2 Red Flags and 2 Green Flags.
 - 1 Hand Signal Lamp.
 - 12 Detonating Signals.
 - 1 Screw Wrench.
 - 1 Hammer.
 - 1 Axe.
 - 2 Pails.
- 273. They must keep a sufficient number of Barrels of Water on barrels filled with water, and placed at proper Bridge. distances on the top of the Bridge under their charge.
- 274. Immediately before the approach of a Train To inspect the Bridge Watchman must walk over the Bridge, fore Train taking with him a Red and a Green Flag by passes.

 day, and a Hand Signal Lamp by night, and he must always take with him, and use if necessary a supply of Detonating Signals.
 - 275. As he goes over the Bridge he must examine Inspection

of Nuts, Fastenings. &c.

the nuts and fastenings of the rails, &c., and make sure that all is right for the passage of a Train.

Signals to exhibit.

276. Having ascertained that all is right, he must exhibit to the approaching Train a Green Flag by day and a Green Light at night.

Signals to be used to

277. But should it be necessary to bring a Train stop Train. to a stand the Bridge Watchman must do so by exhibiting a Red Signal 400 yards from the Bridge, and besides the ordinary signals, Detonating signals must be placed on the rails at every 100 paces from the Bridge.

Inspection of Bridge or Engine

278. After a Train or Engine has passed the Bridge after Train the Watchman must walk over the Bridge carrying has passed with him a pail of water, and again make a careful examination of the Bridge both on the surface and beneath it, to see that no sparks remain alive on the floor or between the floor planks, and that none remain on the timbers or get into the joints of the timbers between the top and the ground.

To report required Repairs.

279. If any part of the Bridge should be out of order or require repairs the fact must be at once reported to the Foreman of the Section under whom the Bridge is in charge.

Ash Boxes to be closed

280. Bridge Watchmen must examine each Engine as it passes to see that the Ash Box is closed. Should an ash box be left open the fact must be at once reported.

Delinquencies to be reported.

281. Engine Drivers are instructed to report any delinquency on the part of Bridge Watchmen.

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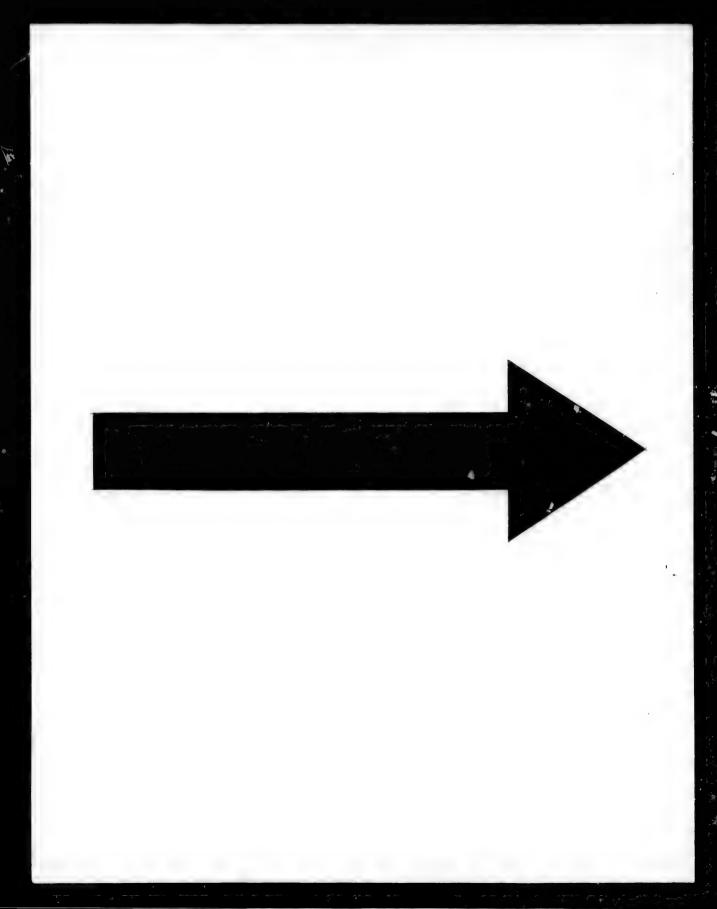
TRACK REPAIRERS.

282. Before any Laborer or Foreman is engaged Conditions by the Inspector, he must be made to understand ment. that the wilful transgression of any of the Rules in this Book will be visited by immediate dismissal from the service of the Company. Any insubordination on the part of any man or foreman—drunkenness whilst on duty, being found off his work during working hours, or the commission or omission of any act whereby the passage of Engines or Trains shall or might be endangered—will be punished by dismissal.

283. In every gang of Track Repairers there Must have must be a Foreman; and the Inspectors are held to every responsible that every such Foreman is provided with a copy of the Regulations, and with a current working Time Table, and with the proper Signal Flags and Lamps. Also, that each Foreman is furnished with an accurate gauge for gauging the line of Track, and with all other necessary materials and implements.

284. Each Foreman must have a copy of these To have Regulations in his possession while on duty, and Regulations must read and explain them to every man engaged under him; and must produce them when required to do so.

285. Each Foreman is responsible for the industry Foremen of the men under his charge, and for the proper responsible.



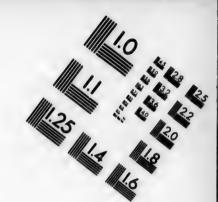
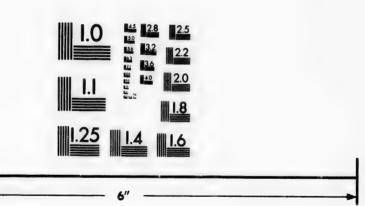


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execution of the work assigned to him, and must have a list of the names and abodes of those under him, that in case of accident or other emergency, he may be enabled to summon them immediately, to assist in any way that may be deemed necessary.

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Must pass over his Section every morning.

286. Every Foreman, or one of his men, must pass over his section once every day, either on foot or by hand car, and must see that all rails are properly spiked or bolted, and the joint ties well packed up, and that all other things are secure.

Watching for Notices, &c., &c.

287. Track Repairers must watch every Train as it passes, and observe whether notices are left off, or a Red Board, Flag, or Red Lamp, is exhibited upon the Engine or end of Train, denoting that a Special Train will follow, as Special Trains may be despatched without previous notice being given. It is necessary to be prepared at all times for unexpected Trains. They must stop working when a Train is within 400 yards, and move to the side, clear of the Track, so as to prevent any risk of accident.

Use of Signals, 288. The Signals to be made use of by the Track Repairers are two, viz:—one Green, and the other Red. They are Red and Green Flags, to be used by day, and a Signal Lamp, (showing red or green,) to be used after night-fall. The Green Signal indicates Caution, and the Red Signal is to be used when it is necessary to stop a Train. Such

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Signals must be sent out at least 800 yards from the place they are meant to protect, and must be waved across the Track on the approach of a Train.

289. Whenever it is necessary to displace any when part of the Track, or in case of any slip or failure displacing track. of any portion of the works, or in the event of any Truck or Service Car being required for temporary use on the Line, or if from any other cause the Track is not safe, the Red Signal must be conspicuously exhibited at a distance of not less than 800 yards each way, by men sent expressly to display such Signals (even if no Engine is expected,) and they shall continue to exhibit the Signals until a messenger arrives with express orders from the Foreman to withdraw them. If a curve or summit of a gradient should exist at or near the end of 800 yards then the Signals must be sent out further than the specified distance. On every occasion when the Track is being raised care must be taken to have it perfectly secure at least twenty minutes before a Train is due.

290. When any part of the Track is out of repair, When Track so as to make it necessary for a Train to proceed repair. cautiously, one man must be sent 800 yards on either side of it with a Green Signal.

291. The Track must not in any case be dis-Putting in placed for the purpose of putting in cattle guards, Guards, &c. cross drains or culverts, unless by express orders from the Engineer, who will invariably appoint

some person to be present during such operations, and who shall decide the times (between the running of Trains) when such work is to be done. The Track must not be rendered unsafe by any operation during day or night, or upon Sunday, until notice shall have been given by the Engineer to the General Manager's office, and permission obtained to use the Track.

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When a Rail may be taken up.

292. No rail must be taken up, or the Track otherwise disturbed in such a manner as to render it unsafe, within **twenty minutes** of the time of a Train being due, nor until it has passed. All such work must be done between the regular running hours.

No work to be performed during Fogor Snow Storm.

293. In no case except where there is absolute necessity, is any work to be performed during a fog or snow storm, by which an obstruction may be caused to the passage of Trains.

Raising Track. 294. In raising the Track and packing in the ballast, no lift must be greater than two inches in a bar of twenty-four feet long, and both rails must be raised equally and at the same time; that is, that the Train shall run up grade, not down.

Safety Block. 295. Track Inspectors must have Safety Blocks put down on all Sidings diverging from Main Line, at the prescribed distance from the Main Line, excepting in the case of through sidings used for passing Trains.

Ballasting.

296. Ballast must not be thrown up between the

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rails to a higher level than two inches above the top of the cross-ties, and all gravel or ballast must be shoveled to the side sufficient to leave a passage for Trains of not less than three feet clear, and the rails must be kept clear of gravel and other materials.

297. Track Inspectors must be particular in Maintaining maintaining the Rails to the proper level and guage; guage. they must have the Rails scraped and swept when necessary, and keep them free from dirt and snow.

298. They must remove all loose Timber, Stones, Keeping Iron and other materials from the Track.

299. Inspectors are daily required to see that Inspectors' all Bridge and Crossing Watchmen are at their Bridges, Crossings, posts and that the supply of water, and means for &c. using the same, are perfect at the Bridges. They must also see that the Bridge Watchmen, and Watchmen at level Crossings, clear away all snow and ice from the Rails after every snow storm, and that they are provided with proper implements for this work. They must furnish the Bridge Watchmen with Spanners for tightening the Bolts of the Rail Joints, and see that this duty is efficiently performed.

300. Inspectors are held responsible for the Responsible safe keeping of all Rails, Chairs, Plates, Bolts, material, &c Tools, and Implements of every kind belonging to the Track, and all loss or destruction of such property must be reported to the Engineer. All

Tools, Implements, Signals, Oil, &c., must, when not in use, be kept looked up in a building or in boxes. All Bolts, Nuts, and other materials which have dropped from the Rolling Stock on the Track, must be picked up and sent to the nearest Station.

Disregard of Signals.

301. The Inspector must at once report in writing to the Engineer's office any case in which any of the Signals are disregarded by the Engine Drivers.

When an accident occurs.

302. In case of any accident befalling an Engine or Train, or any failure of any part of the works, the Danger Signal must be exhibited at the distance of 800 yards each way, and the matter must immediately be reported by special messenger to the Inspector and to the nearest Station Master. If necessary a Watchman must be placed on the spot until the same is sufficiently repaired.

Trees within the fences to be cut down.

303. All trees within the Railway fences, and all in the immediate proximity of the Track, which endanger the same, or the Telegraph wires, by risk of falling upon them, must be cut down.

Cattle on Track. 304. All cattle and animals found straying within the Railway fences must be immediately driven off, and each foreman will be held responsible for the safe keeping of the Line in this respect, on that portion of which he has charge; and all laborers dwelling in shorties along the line are

Not to keep laborers dwelling in shanties along the line are cows within the fences. strictly prohibited from keeping cows, hogs, or poul-

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straying mediately l responsiis respect, e; and all e line are gs, or poultry, unless the same are securely enclosed and approved of by the Track Inspectors. Occupants of Crossing watch-houses must be particular in obscuring their windows at night—the white light might be mistaken for a Signal

- 305. All persons walking along the line, who Persons walking on are not in the Company's service, must be peremp-Track. torily ordered off.
- 306. All gaps in fences, and damages to bridges, Gaps in cattle-guards, &c., are to be repaired in a temporary manner; and the spots where such damages exist are to be immediately reported to the Divisional Inspector.
- 307. All level Crossings must be closely looked Surface Crossings. after—particular care must be taken to see that the planking is securely spiked down.
- 308. Any farm gates found open must be open gates. promptly closed and reported to Track Inspector.
- 309. Any temporary injury to any of the tele-Injury to graph poles or wires must be attended to as far poles or as possible, and intelligence of the damage immediately conveyed to the nearest Station Master. If not a Telegraph Station, the Station Master must write to the Telegraph Station, giving particulars. Foremen of Trackmen must cut down trees that are too near the Telegraph Wires, and when the Wires are touching each other they must separate them, and fix them, if possible, on the insulators.

Articles found on Track. 310. All Articles found on the Track must be sent to the Station Master of the nearest Station.

Duty during storms.

whether by day or night, whereby the works may be liable to sudden injury, Section Foremen must be on duty, and immediately after the abatement of the storm, or, if necessary, during its continuance, they must go over their Sections with Danger Signals, for the purpose of ascertaining if the Track is safe for the passage of Trains; the points on the Sections most liable to injury are to be the first visited. Foremen neglecting this important duty will be immediately dismissed.

Loose rocks, or stones to be watched closely.

312. Track Foremen must keep a sharp look out to see whether any loose rocks or stones are likely to fall upon the track from the side slopes of Cuttings, and to have such removed as quickly as possible. They shall also report to Inspectors any deficiency in drainage or in the capacity of any culvert, and these must be particularly watched during and after any severe Rain, Storm, or Flood.

Must not lend Tools, &c. 313. Inspectors are prohibited from entering into any understanding or engagement with the officials of other Railway Companies, or with any private Company, for the exchange or lending of Tools, Hand Cars, or any property belonging to this Company.

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HAND CARS, LORRIES, or REPAIR CARS.

314. When the Lorries are not in use on the Use of Line they must be lifted off the Track and the wheels secured by a Chain and Padlock. Trackmen must be extremely careful in using Hand Cars upon the Track, and only do so when their service is actually necessary, and never have them on the Rails when a Train is due or expected. Lorries must be used only in conveying materials for the Line, and they must not be run at the high speed for Hand Cars, but must always be preceded and followed by Signalmen at the prescribed distance. Neither of these description of Cars must under any circumstances, be attached to a Train.

315. Hand Cars, Lorries, or Repair Cars must Caution in using Hand not be on the Main Line under any circumstances Cars, &c., during a fog or snow storm, or during night, except in an urgent case, and then only when ordered by an Inspector.

316. No Hand Car must ever be on the Line, When to use Hand except when ordered by an Inspector or a Fore-Cars. man. Foremen of gangs can use Hand Cars for conveying their men and tools when their operations are sure to be more than **two** miles distant from their boarding house. When otherwise, they must walk, and leave their Hand Car at their house.

Locking Hand Cars.

317. Hand Cars must always be locked when not in use, and the handles removed. No Hand Car must be left on a Siding, but must in all cases be taken off the rails.

When Lorries or Repair Cars are in use.

318. When Lorries or Repair Cars are on the Main Line, a man must always be before and behind, with a red signal, at a distance of eight hundred yards.

Penalty in case of accident.

319. Should a Train come into collision with a Hand Car or Lorry on the Track the Foreman on whose section it takes place will be liable to instant dismissal; and if any Foreman leave a Lorry or Repair Car upon the rails without having the proper Signals exhibited on each side, he shall be dismissed.

BRIDGE REPAIRERS.

Bridge Inspectors will be held responsible responsible for the safety of all Bridges and Culverts on their Division.

Examination of Bridges, &c. examination of each structure on their Division, at least once in every week.

To obtain use of Track for Repairs to Bridges, that cannot be done between Trains, such repairs must be made on Sundays; the Track Inspectors must report in writing to the Chief Engineer, not later than the previous Thursday, that the use of the Track will be required on

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make any between Sundays; ting to the ous Thursequired on the Sunday following; and the Track must not be disturbed or rendered unsafe, until permission has been given, in writing, by the Engineer.

323. Bridge Inspectors must make monthly To report reports to the Chief Engineer, giving in detail, the nature of the repairs made to the different structures, and the state of repair in which they all are.

TRAIN DESPATCHERS AND TELEGRAPH OPERATORS

324. The hours of duty shall be regulated by the Hours of Head of the Department.

325. The running of all Trains, from the time of Trains to be their departure until the arrival at their destination, must be carefully watched; and the arrivals at and departure from Stations must be duly registered in the Telegraphic Time Record kept for that purpose.

326. In the event of Trains becoming late or Irregular irregular, the Train Despatcher must take into account the time allowed by Time Table, distance, grades, weight of Train, capacity of Engine, and the state of the weather; and make such meeting and passing arrangements for Trains with Conductors and Engine-drivers as will best facilitate their movement.

327. The Train Despatcher, when making ar-Freight rangements for Freight Trains to meet and pass to delay

Passenger Trains, must avoid giving Freight Trains such a right of way as may delay Passenger Trains.

328. The Train Despatcher only will be permit"3" "39", "ted to use the signal "9," and that only when
"32s" to telegraphic Train orders are received by
him. The "O. K." signal must always be given
for Train reports and ordinary business messages.

signal "17" 329. The signal "17" must only be used when an important commercial or paid business message is handed to an operator for transmission.

Assistant, Traffic and Telegraph Superintendents, only are permitted to use the signal "21."

This signal takes precedence over signals "37" and "38."

signal "21." 331. The Train Despatcher may at any time interrupt any business on the Line, not preceded by the signal "21," upon using the signal "37."

When this signal is given all other business must cease, and the circuit must be given up to his use.

No other person is permitted to use this signal.

332. Operators, for the purpose of procuring a Train order from the Train despatcher, may break into any business on the Line not preceded by the signals "21" or "37," by using the signal "38."

Signals 333. Operators who were transmitting business "21," "37" at the time either of the signals "21" "37" or "38"

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business or "38" interrupted them, will remain at their instruments and be prepared to resume their business as soon as the messages for which any of the above signals were given have been completed.

334. Operators are under the orders of the Not to be Telegraph Superintendent and must not absent absent themselves from the office during the hours of duty without his leave.

335. Operators must make themselves thorough- To know the ly acquainted with the Rules and Regulations of Regulations the Company.

336. All communications are strictly private and All communications confidential. Any Operator divulging the contents strictly of a telegram, or giving any improper information confidential of what may be heard passing over the line, will be summarily dismissed, and also be held disqualified for any future employment in the service of the Company.

337. Telegraph offices must be kept private, Telegraph offices to and no one must be allowed to look into the Telebe kept graph Books without proper authority.

338. Telegraph Books, when written up, must be Telegraph Books to be labelled, shewing messages whether forwarded or kept for received, dates from and to, and laid carefully by for reference.

339. No communication must be sent by Tele-Telegraph to be used graph that can be sent in time by train or letter. only when operators must return such messages to Station Masters.

Accidents to be kept strictly private. 340. Should an accident happen on any part of the line, the event must be kept strictly private; no version or account of it must be telegraphed, not even to Operators, but what is written and signed by an officer of the Railway Company, and given to Operators for transmission to specified parties. Those who may observe or hear such

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parties. Those who may observe or hear such communications passing must be silent on the subject. These messages, when received, must be delivered in envelopes and every precaution taken to preserve secrecy.

Respecting Trains.

341. All communications either received or forwarded, respecting the movements of Trains, must be written legibly in Telegraph Books.

Entering and timing messages.

342. The report of the departure of all Trains must be promptly entered in the Train book, and the receipt and despatch of all messages accurately timed.

Forwarding messages.

343. In the case of forwarded messages, the time of entry by Station Master must be shown by him and the time of reporting by the operator.

No verbal

344. No verbal messages must be transmitted nor delivered, but all messages must be properly written and duly signed; and, after transmission, must be dated and filed away for future reference.

Prompt delivery of messages.

345. Messages must be promptly delivered to the person to whom they are addressed.

No assuming of duties.

346. Operators must assume no duties or responsibilities which do not strictly belong to them.

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347. No students must be allowed to practice on Students. the line without permission of the Telegraph Superintendent.

348. Operators must not exchange places with Exchanging each other, nor leave their stations without permission from the Telegraph Superintendent.

349. When a Train going west has to be reported, Reporting the Operator must call "W. X." three times, and Manner then sign, repeating the call and signature two or three times. When a Train going east has to be reported, the Operator shall in like manner call "E. X.," repeating as above directed. The report must then be proceeded with. Time must be sent in words, and immediately following, repeated in figures, thus "ten fifteen (10.15.)" The Train Despatchers "O. K." must be obtained for all Train Reports.

350. When a "23" has to be sent, the Operator How must call the furthest receiving office only, calling for "all "23" four times, then sign, repeating the same are to be three times, and then proceed with the message.

Each Operator must acknowledge the receipt of a "23" message by replying "O. K.," and signing name of Station, commencing at the furthest office, then the next, and so on in progression.

351. No excuse will be admissable should Opera-Non-receipt tors miss a report of any Train, or a "23" message, reports. or retire from duty for meals, or at night, before all reports in their possession have first been

despatched, and having obtained the Train Despatcher's "O. K." for all Train reports.

Adjustment of relay.

352. Operators must not open their keys without previously adjusting the relay, and being sure that the circuit is not in use, and must always adjust before using Signals "21," "37" or "38."

Breaking circuit; no contention.

353. Should the circuit open while an Operator is writing, he must instantly stop and ascertain the cause. Unless "broker" by a "21," "37" or "38" message, the Operator who was interrupted shall say "10." If such signal be disobeyed, the case must be immediately reported to the Telegraph Superintendent. No contention will be allowed in such cases.

Unnecessary breaking of circuit.

354. In transmitting messages, Operators must connect circuit firmly, write slowly, and avoid repetition and unnecessary breaking of circuit.

Profane or obscene language.

355. The use of profane or obscene language on the line, or in the Company's Offices, is strictly prohibited.

Calling an Office.

356. When calling an office, Operators must always sign after the first call, and never call more than four times without signing.

Sending time at noon

357. At three minutes before twelve o'clock, noon, each day, (Sundays excepted) all business must be suspended, and attention must be given to receiving the Time, which will be sent from the Train Despatcher's Office, London, in the following manner:

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k, noon, must be eceiving in Desnanner: recisely twelve o'clock, when the Operator sending will strike the letter "I" half a dozen times, after which business will proceed as usual.

- 358. In case of interruption in the working of Interruptions. the Telegraph Line, ground wires must be promptly Prompt used, and other means taken to ascertain where discover the interruption exists. Operators must actively interest themselves in the speedy removal of interruptions, and promptly report to the Telegraph Superintendent any neglect, which may come to their knowledge, on the part of the repairers.
- 359. Instruments must be kept clean and bright, Instruments and every care must be taken to preserve them in good working condition.
- 360. Instruments must always be taken out of when to circuit during thunder storms, or absence of ments out Operators for meals, or at night, and in such a manner as not to prevent the line from working through. The main wires must be entirely detached from the magnets, and connected together.
- 361. The use of ground wires, except under Use of ground extraordinary circumstances, is strictly forbidden. wires.
- 362. No abbreviations must be used in trans-Abbreviations mission or in copies of messages for delivery.

 Abbreviations must be used in trans-Abbreviations not to be used in messages.
- 363. No alteration of office wires, switches, or Alterations instruments must be made without the authority of disallowed. the Telegraph Superintendent.

General charge of offices. 364. At offices where there are day and night Operators, the day Operator must have the general charge of the office.

Hours for Meals.

365. Ordinarily Operators are allowed one hour for meals, but when necessary, they will be restricted to a shorter time. Each Operator must register, with the Train Despatcher, his usual meal hours and must never absent himself for meals at other than the time registered, and when trains are due or expected, he must not close his office without first getting permission to do so from the Train Despatcher.

ABBREVIATIONS.

NUMERALS.

Abbreviations. Numerals.

- 366. 1. Wait a moment.
 - 2. Give me correct time.
 - 3. Get answer from—for—
 - 4. Where shall I proceed?
 - 5. I have a message.
 - 6. All ready.
 - 7. The following is private.
 - 8. Am busy on other circuits.
 - 9. Correct, or all right.
 - 10. Keep circuit closed.
 - 11. Did you receive my last?
 - 12. Lightning troubles us.
 - 13. Have you any report of ---?
 - 14. Connect your circuit better.

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- 15. Separate your words more.
- 16. What is the weather?
- 17. This is of the greatest importance and must be sent immediately.
- 18. What is the matter?
- 19. My instrument works badly.
- 20. I will enquire.
- 21. This is of great importance and must precede all other business.
- 22. Are there any Special Trains to day?
- 23. A message for all.
- 24. Have you anything for me?
- 25. Write dots.
- 26. You may use "21" to send answer to this message.
- 27. From the General Manager, must be promptly attended to.
- 28. Do you get my writing?
- 29. "32" for Traffic Superintendent,—copy on printed form.
- 30. Finis.
- 31. How do you understand?
- 32. I understand that
- 33. Narrow gauge or Composite Train.
- 34. Running by Telegraph arrangements and passing.
- 35 Warn Trains and Trackmen.
- 36.
- 37. Exhibit Telegraphic Signal —— Train orders.
- 38. Train here wants orders to proceed.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

AND

Regulations for Running of Trains.

Trains classed.

367. Trains are classed as follows:

FIRST CLASS.

1st. Through Passenger Trains 2nd. Local Passenger Trains.

3rd. Mixed Trains.

SECOND CLASS.

4th. Stock Trains, (Through.)

5th. Freight Trains, Blue Line or Composite.

6th. Freight Trains, broad gauge.

THIRD CLASS.

7th. Wood, Gravel, or Construction Trains.

Passing Trains. 368. The heavy figures in the time card with black lines under them, in connection with the notes appended, show where trains are to pass each other, and Conductors must not pass these appointed shunting stations with their trains, except upon properly authenticated and written Telegraph messages. Mixed and Freight Trains, (when they cannot make their proper passing places on time,) must keep out of the way of Passenger Trains.

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369. Conductors and Trainmen of Trains going Trainmen to accompany west in connection with the New York Central Trains to N.Y.O.R.R. Railroad, must be in attendance at the New York Station. Central Station to take charge of their Train, to receive passengers and baggage, and Conductors and Breaksmen must assist in directing passengers from one Train to the other, and see that they are properly and comfortably seated.

370. Conductors of Trains going east must Conductors accompany their Trains to the New York Central pany their Train to Station.

Station.

371. No extra Trains or special empty Engines Not to be on must be allowed to run on the Main Line or Main Line, branches without the knowledge of the Traffic Superintendent and Train Despatcher.

372. Freight Trains must not be run on the time Freight Trains of Passenger Trains, except regular passing Not to run arrangements have been made by the Train Passenger Trains.

Despatcher.

373. Orders affecting the movement of Trains must be made by the Train Despatcher direct with Conductors and Engine Drivers in the following manner:

a. All "31" Telegraphic Orders must be copied Telegraphic in ink by the Receiving Operator into a book kept Orders. for that purpose.

b. Both Conductors and Engine Drivers must "32," and sign this book across the face of the original order, signifying they both have received and fully understand it.

c. This order must then be repeated by the Telegraph Operator to the Train Despatcher. The Receiving Operator must then make a correct copy of this order on the printed form supplied for that purpose, signing his own name and the time received in the proper place, but must not deliver it to the Conductor until he has received the Train Despatcher's initials and signal "9," (meaning correct), which the Receiving Operator must endorse on the back of the Telegraphic Order.

d. The Conductor must then compare the copy of the order with the original order, and make sure it is correct before acting upon it. He must then read it **aloud** to the Engine Driver and hand it to him, who must retain it until the end of the journey, and then forward it to his Locomotive Foreman.

When to exhibit Telegraph Signal.

374. When the Train Despatcher calls a Station and says "Orders," Operators must at once exhibit the **Red** Telegraphic Signal, and the Station Master must place the distant Semaphore at **Caution** against all approaching Trains.

Trains to stop and Conductor and Driver to go for orders when Tel. Signal is exhibited. 375. When the Red board, or the Red light of a Telegraphic Signal is exhibited, all Trains must Stop, and Conductors and Engine Drivers must at once go to the Telegraph office and procure whatever orders may be there for them. After a Train has received orders, the Telegraphic Signal must be turned to "all right."

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ght of a ns must must at e whata Train al must 376. Conductors before leaving a Telegraph Conductors to examine Station must examine the Train Telegraph-book Tel. books before leavand ascertain from the Operator if there are any ing a Tel. orders or arrangements affecting the running of their Trains, and the positions of all other Trains to be passed on the journey.

377. Station Masters and Operators must always from Train hold themselves in readiness for all communica. Despatcher. tions from the Train Despatcher as to the movement of Trains, and all Train orders coming from the Train Despatcher must be obeyed to the letter.

378. Station Masters, upon receiving an "Order" Order to stop or hold any specified Train, must be Train. guided by Rule 374. As soon as the Train named has arrived, the Station Master must obtain the Conductor's and Engine Driver's "32" as directed in Rule 373, a, b, c, and d.

379. In all cases when Trains are delayed, Con-Delays to be ductors must at the time report the facts fully by Train Despatcher, giving the Telegraph to the Train Despatcher, giving the Telegraph. Cause of the detention. When delays take place at a Station where there is no Telegraph, Conductors must report the facts to the Train Despatcher from the first Telegraph Station they stop at.

380. The cypher "33," (meaning, narrow guage Thirty-three or composite Train,) must be prefixed to all composite Train reports, thus:—"33," Night Maii East arrived 9.10, left 9.15; or, "33," No. 1 Special Freight arrived 12.10, left 12.20.

Operators on duty not allowed to sleep.

381. At night Telegraph Stations, the night Station Masters or Switchmen must see that operators keep awake; any seeming negligence is attending to instruments must be reported without fail to the day Station Master, who will notify his Superintendent.

To facilitate Passenger Trains.

382. Every facility and despatch must at all times be given to all Passenger Trains, especially to Through Trains having connections to secure.

Care in starting Trains at night.

383. Trains must be worked during dark by the ordinary White, Green and Red Signal Lights. When hand lamps are used, particular care must be taken to show only the proper color. Great care must also be taken in giving the signal for a Train to start: when two Trains going in opposite directions are at a Station at the same time, the white light must be waved in such a manner that only the Engine-driver of the Train intended to be started shall see the signal.

Trains to be properly protected while shunting.

Freight or other Train must stop after dark, to leave off or take on Cars, unless the Train is safely protected by Signals in both directions.

Time in which to run Special Trains must be run between Stations which to run Specials at the same rate of speed as the same class of Train is timed to run in the Time Table, and must be shunted clear of the Main Line at least 10

minutes before ordinary Trains are due to pass.

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Stations is of Train must be least 10 to pass.

386. Every Special Train must be run only by Running of Telegraph arrangements, but when Telegraph communication is interrupted all Special Trains must be flagged past each other by regular Trains, which have the right of road.

387. Whenever, from unavoidable circumstances, When a Mixed or Freight Train is running without a Freight Train is Telegraph arrangement within fifteen minutes of running without the time and ahead of a Passenger Train proceed-Telegraph arrangeing in the same direction, the Conductor of such ments. Mixed or Freight Train is to stop and leave behind a Breaksman provided with proper hand and detonating Signals, to warn the Engine-driver and Conductor of the Passenger Train of the position of the Train preceding them. The Passenger Train must stop and take the Breaksman thus left as Signalman on to his own Train.

388. When a Mixed or Freight Train is running, when by a Telegraph arrangement, beyond its shunting place, the Conductor of a Passenger Train proceeding in the same direction must enquire at each arrangement. Station how long such Mixed or Freight Train has left and inform his Engine-driver.

389. Second and Third Class Trains and Mixed Freight Trains must always keep out of the way of Passenger of interior Class to Trains, and if the time will not permit of such keep clear Trains reaching the next Station or siding at least ger Trains.

10 minutes before a Passenger Train is due, Trains of second and Third Class and Mixed Trains must shunt until the latter has passed.

When Passenger Trains are within 15 minutes of other Passenger Trains.

390. Conductors of Passenger Trains which become so late as to be within fifteen minutes of the time of another Passenger Train proceeding in the same direction, must use the precautions above prescribed for Mixed or Freight Trains under similar circumstances. (See Rule No. 387.)

Two trains of equal class passing each other at & Station.

391. When two Trains of equal class are to pass each other at any Station, the Train which has arrived first must go into the Siding, unless prevented from doing so by the position of the Siding, a blockage of cars, or other circumstances; in which case Conductors and Drivers must arrange with Station Masters what is best to be done.

Detonators and Signals is no more than 200 yards with-in Semaphore.

392. When a Train or Engine is brought to a stand to be used when Train between a Semaphore and a Station, but within 200 vards of the Semaphore; the Semaphore must not alone be depended upon-but, the Conductor or Engine Driver-as the case may bemust immediately send back a man with Detonators and usual Signals, at least 400 yards beyond the Semaphore, and at every 100 paces from the Semaphore, one of the Detonators must be fixed on the rails.

To put off Breaksman Signalman.

393. In all cases in which there is a possibility of a Train being overtaken by another Train, Conductors must put off a Breaksman in good time to signal and warn the Train following 3 them.

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ossibility or Train, in good following 394. When Freight and Mixed Trains are not When Trains are at Stations where they are timed to pass Passenger not at proper Trains, Passenger Train Conductors and Engine-passing men must keep a vigilant look out for them at each Station or Siding until they are sure they have passed the Trains appointed to be met,—and such irregularity must be promptly reported by both Engineman and Conductor.

395. The speed of all Trains when passing Reduced others must be so reduced and kept under control passing. as to admit of being brought to a stand immediately if necessary.

396. No verbal communication must be de-Verbal messages livered to, or received from Train men while they not to be delivered or are on a Train which is in motion.

397. When a Special Train is overtaken and When a passed by a regular Train, the Conductor of the Trainpasses regular Train must carry a signal for the Special Train.

Train or "Flag" it to its destination.

398. While shunting, cars must only be coupled Not to use side chains by links and pins; the side chains must be unfor shuating coupled.

399. In the event of an accident happening to a Reporting accidents Train or Engine, the Station Master, Conductor, or to General Manager Driver, must at once telegraph the fact from the and Superintendent Telegraph Station to the Traffic Superintendent and the Train Despatcher, giving full particulars as to the position of the Train, the extent of injuries or damages, and what delay

is likely to be caused. If assistance is required, notice must at once be given to the nearest Station where Auxiliary Cars are kept, viz: either Hamilton, London, or Windsor, in which must be stated whether the Locomotive Department or the Car Department Auxiliary is required, and whether Trucks or Wheels are wanted.

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Personal accident.

400. In every case of personal accident, not only the accident itself, but the fact of employing a Surgeon, must be reported to the General Manager and Superintendent immediately. Should it be necessary to convey the sufferers to an hotel, or provide accommodation, this also must be included in the report.

Fire in Train.

401. If any Car of a Train take fire, more than 300 yards from any watering place, the Train must be stopped, the burning car cut out, and every endeavor must be used to extinguish the fire. If the flames have gone to any extent, a hole should be cut in the top of the car and the flames extinguished through it, keeping the sides and ends closed. The Engine driver must give what water he can spare from the Tender.

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Junctions and Railway Crossings.

JUNCTIONS.

exhibit the Stop or Danger Signal, and every
Train or Engine approaching the Main Line must Trains to stop before be brought to a Stand at the Junction Sema-passing on to Main phore and wait until the signal to proceed is Line.

given before passing on to the Main Line, and all Trains from the Main Line West, approaching Toronto Junction must be brought to a stand at the Toronto Junction Semaphore, and await the Switchman's Signal to proceed.

RAILWAY CROSSINGS.

403. Semaphores at Railway Crossings must Railway always exhibit the Stop or Danger Signal, and Trains to every Train or Engine from either direction must stop before be brought to a stand at the Railway Crossing Semaphore, and wait there until the Signal to proceed is given, before passing over a Railway Crossing.

COPETOWN GRADE.

404. When the Telegraph is working.—Under Rule to be observed ordinary circumstances (as to weather and state of under rails,) Freight Trains going east, following any circum-Train, must not leave or pass Dundas until a Dundas. message from Toronto Junction has been received, saying, that the preceding Train has left there for Hamilton. When the rails are slippery; Freight When Trains bound east are not to leave Copetown until slippery. a message has been received, saying, that the line is clear for it to Hamilton. If it has to pass another Train at Dundas, authority to proceed must not be given until it has been ascertained that such Train is shunted there clear of the Main Line.

405. When the Telegraph is not working. - When Freight Trains bound east must not leave Cope-is not town or Dunuas within twenty minutes after the working. departure from those Stations of a Train going to Hamilton. Freight Trains behind time, going east, ordered by Time-Table to keep clear of ordinary Trains, must shunt at Copetown for such Trains, and not leave that Station before the ordinary Train has passed, though they may have ample time to run to Dundas.

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SUSPENSION BRIDGE REGULA-TIONS.

406. Conductors must observe the following Conductors Regulations relating to persons crossing over the Regulations Suspension Bridge on this Company's Trains:

407. All persons on any of the Company's Who may pack free; Trains, crossing Suspension Bridge, not producing others to pay 25 cts.

Tickets or Passes shewing that they are Railway to cross.

Passengers who have come from or are going to a point by railroad at least five miles from Suspension Bridge, and not being employes of this Company, or of the New York Central Railroad Company, going on railroad business, who must produce passes; and not being railroad employes actually engaged in the business of the Trains, (who need not have passes,) are to be charged twenty. To be acfive cents, which is to be accounted for in the following manner:

a. If a Passenger, without **Ticket** or **Pass**, be Under Suspension found using the Train for the sole purpose of Bridge Company's crossing the Bridge, twenty-five cents must be Fare. collected and entered on the collection sheet, as "Suspension Bridge Company's Fare."

b. If a Passenger states that his or her intention under in crossing the Bridge is to purchase a Ticket and Bridge proceed by Railway east or west, twenty-five cents must be collected and entered on the collection sheet as "G. W. R. Suspension Bridge Fare,"

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hen legraph not orking. unless such Passenger shall purchase and pay for a regular passage Ticket by Rail Road to some point or place at least five miles from said Bridge.

Destination of persons without Tickets

c. Conductors must enquire the destination of persons without Tickets or Passes, so that the fares collected may be accounted for correctly.

Car doors to be guarded.

d. Car doors must be guarded so that no person not employed on the Train can leave the Train until the Conductor has had the opportunity of examining his Ticket or Pass or obtaining fare.

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The sole purpose of crossing prohibited.

408. The Bridge Conductors and other employes at Suspension Bridge, must prevent people from using the Company's Trains for the sole purpose of crossing the Bridge; such persons should go by the lower floor.

BridgeCom-pany's passes not ed.

409. Suspension Bridge Company's Passes are to be accept- not to be accepted on any Train.

Speed crossing Bridge.

410. No Engine or Train must cross the Bridge at a greater speed than five miles per hour, and no Engine nor Cars must be brought to a stand on the Bridge during the passage across.

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VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

These References are given to enable the Law defining offences to be readily found; but not as any guide or direction to putting the Law into force, or acting thereon.

The 18th and 19th Victoria, Chapter 176.

SECTION 9-PROVIDES,

Penalties for persons injuring the works or defacing notices; also for Trespassers on Railway property, and provisions for obtaining and enforcing summary conviction.

SECTION 10-PROVIDES.

Penalty for obstructing Officers of the Railway Company in the execution of their duty, and for trespassing.

Offenders can be detained by the Officers of the Company.

Or they may be forcibly removed. Proviso—By-Laws may be made.

The Consolidated Statutes of Canada-99 Victoria, Chap. 66.

SECTION 152-PROVIDES,

For the punishment of persons doing, or having done anything to the Railway, with intent to injure persons or property.

SECTION 154-PROVIDES,

If any person be killed or his life be lost, the offence to be manslaughter.

SECTION 154—PROVIDES,

The committing of any injury whereby stoppage, &c., shall be a misdemeanour. See also Chapter 93. Section 30.

SECTION 155—PROVIDES,

Punishment of persons obstructing Inspectors in the execution of their duty.

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SECTION 158—PROVIDES,

Punishment of officers and servants contravening By-Laws or orders.

SECTIONS 159 and 160.

Penalty and application thereof upon the preceeding contravention.

SECTION 161,

The Company may deduct the penalty from wages.

SECTION 162,

Company may impose penalties for contravention of By-Laws.

SECTION 163,

How notice of By-Laws or orders may be proved.

SECTION 164,

When such proof to be a defence for the Company.

Chapter 91.

SECTION 36,

Punishment for assaulting persons, arresting offenders caught in the night.

Chapter 92.

SECTION 16-PROVIDES,

That night begins at 9 P.M., and ends at 6 A.M.

SECTION 32,

Punishment for stealing Railway or Steamboat passage Tickets.

SECTION 74,

Punishment for attempting to obtain passage on a Railway by false Ticket or order.

Chapter 93.

SECTION 30.

Maliciously obstructing or injuring Railways-

FELONY.

By Chapter 91, Section 154. If no proof of intent to obstruct, offence is a MISDEMEANOUR.

SECTION 31,

Maliciously throwing anything against Railway carriages and engines—Felony.

SECTION 32.

Maliciously setting fire to any Station or Engine House—Felony.

Chapter 94.

SECTION 14,

Forging or uttering forged passenger's tickets.

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Chapter 99.

SECTION 4,

By whom offenders caught in the act in the night may be arrested.

93 Victoria, Chapter 99.

SECTION 1,

How Constables may be appointed to act on the line of any Railway.

Oath of office.

By whom to be administered.

Powers and duties of such Constable, and to what localities they shall extend.

SECTIONS 2 and 3-PROVIDE,

For dismissal of any such Constable, and record of appointment.

SECTION 4,

Punishment of Constables guilty of neglect of duty.

SECTION 5,

And of persons resisting them.

SECTION 6,

Punishment of persons boring or cutting casks or packages on Railways.

Sections 7 and 8,

Proceedings against any such offenders, and for appeal.

SECTION 9,

Railway may be required to repair any level crossing out of repair.

Inspectors' certificates to be conclusive.

TABLE,

Shewing the Speed of an Engine when the time of performing a Quarter, Half, or One Mile is given.

Speed per hour.	per- forming	Time of per- forming Mile.		Speed per bour.	per- forming	Time of per- forming 1/2 Mile.	per- forming
Miles.	m. s.	m. s.	m. s.	Miles.	m. s.	m. s. 0 54	m. s. 1 49
6	2 30	5 0	10 0	34	0 26	0 53	1 46
7	2 8	4 17	8 34	35	0 25	0 51	1 43
8	1 52	3 45	7 30	36	0 25	0 50	1 40
9	1 40	3 20	6 40	37	0 24	0 48	1 37
10	1 30	3 0	6 0	38	0 23	0 47	1 34
11	1 21	2 43	5 27	39	0 23	0 46	1 32
12	1 15	2 30	5 0	40	0 22	0 45	1 30
13	1 9	2 18	4 37	41	0 21	0 43	1 27
14	1 4	2 8	4 17	42	0 21	0 42	1 25
15	1 0	2 0	4 0	43	0 20	0 41	1 23
16	0 56	1 52	3 45	44	0 20	0 40	1 21
17	0 52	1 46	3 31	45	0 20	0 40	1 20
18	0 50	1 40	3 20	46	0 19	0 39	1 16
19	0 47	1 34	3 9	47	0 19	0 38	1 16
20	0 45	1 30	3 0	48	0 18	0 37	1 15
21	0 42	1 25	2 51	49	0 18	0 36	1 13
22	0 40	1 21	2 43	50	0 18	0 36	1 12
23	0 39	1 18	2 36	51	0 17	0 35	1 10
24	0 37	1 15	2 30	52	0 17	0 34	1 9
25	0 36	1 12	2 24	53	0 17	0 34	1 7
26	0 34		2 18	54	0 16	0 33	1 6
27	0 33	and the second second	2 13	55	0 16	0 32	1 5
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29	0 31	1 2	2 4	57	0 15	0 31	1 3
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31	0 29	LINE TO A STATE OF THE PARTY OF	1 56	59	0 15	0 30	1 1
32	0 28	0 56	1 52	60	0 15	0 30	1 0

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